



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं० 6] नई दिल्ली, शनिवार, फरवरी 5, 1966/माघ 16, 1887
No. 6] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1966/MAGHA 16, 1887

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed
as a separate compilation

नोटिस

NOTICE

नीचे लिखे भारत के असाधारण राजपत्र 19 जनवरी, 1966 तक प्रकाशित किए गये।

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published up to the 19th January, 1966:—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
10	S.O. 196, dated 17th January, 1966.	Ministry of Information & Broadcasting.	Approval of the film as specified therein.
11	S.O. 197, dated 18th January, 1966.	Ministry of Commerce	The Imports (Control) First Amendment Order, 1966.
12	S.O. 300, dated 19th January, 1966.	Do.	Appointment of Shri A. K. Das Gupta, as member-Secretary of the body of persons appointed to enquire into the affairs of M/s. Bangeswari Cotton Mills Ltd., Sreerampur (West Bengal).

ऊपर लिखे असाधारण गजटों की प्रतियां प्रकाशन प्रबन्धक, सिविल लाइन्स, दिल्ली के नाम मांगपत्र भेजने पर भेज दी जाएंगी। मांगपत्र प्रबन्धक के पास इन राजपत्रों के जारी होने की तारीख से 10 दिन के भीतर पहुँच जाने चाहिए।

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

भाग II —खण्ड 3—उपखण्ड (ii)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

(रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) भारत सरकार के मंत्रालयों और (संघ क्षेत्र प्रशासन को छोड़कर) केंद्रीय प्राधिकरणों द्वारा जारी किए गए विधिक आदेश और अधिसूचनाएं।

Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administration of Union Territories).

ELECTION COMMISSION, INDIA

New Delhi, the 27th January 1966

S.O. 364.—In pursuance of section 111 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, the Election Commission hereby publishes the report dated the 1st January, 1966, of the Election Tribunal, Varanasi, under the said section in Election Petition No. 221 of 1962.

E.P. No. 221 of 1962, SHRI PRABHU NARAIN SINGH *Versus* SHRI BAL KRISHAN SINGH AND OTHERS.

Case was called several times.

No one has appeared.

Necessary notice of withdrawal u/s. 109, R.P. Act was published in Gazette, Government of India of October 2, 1965. Further notice for substitution u/s. 110, R.P. Act has also been published in Gazette, Government of India of 27th November, 1965.

None has appeared for being substituted as petitioner to continue the proceedings.

The proceedings stand concluded.

B. L. SRIVASTAVA,
1st January, 1966.

[No. 82/221/62.]

By Order,
PRAKASH NARAIN, Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 28th January 1966

S.O. 365.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (2) of article 77 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Authentication (Orders and other Instruments) Rules, 1958, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs No. S.O. 2297 dated the 3rd November, 1958, namely:—

1. (i) These rules may be called the Authentication (orders and other Instruments) Second Amendment Rules, 1966

2. They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the official Gazette.

3. In rule 2 of the Authentication (Orders and other Instruments) Rules, 1958, for clause (ad), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:

“(ad) in the case of orders and other instruments relating to the Central Public Works Department, by the Chief Engineer or the Director of Administration in that Department”.

[No. F. 3/6/65-Pub.I.]

FATEH SINGH, Jt. Secy.

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 27th January 1966

S.O. 366.—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs No. S.O. 3490 dated the 2nd November, 1965 published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3(ii) at page 3673, for “whereas arrangements have been made to the Court concerned”, read “Whereas arrangements have been made with the Government of United Arab Republic for taking the evidence of witnesses residing in the United Arab Republic in relation to criminal matters in courts in India, the Central Government, in pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 504 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (5 of 1898), hereby directs commissions from courts in India for the examination of witnesses in the United Arab Republic shall be issued in the form annexed hereto, to the Cairo Court of First Instance and that such commissions shall be sent to the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, for transmission to the court concerned.

ANNEXURE

IN THE COURT OF

Commission to examine witness outside India.

To

Through the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi.

Whereas it appears to me that the evidence of is necessary for the ends of justice in case No. Vs. in the court of and that such witness is residing within the local limits of your jurisdiction and his attendance cannot be procured without unreasonable delay, expense or inconvenience, I have the honour to request and do hereby request that for the reasons aforesaid and for the assistance of the said Court you will be pleased to summon the said witness to attend at such time and place as you shall appoint and that you will cause such witness to be examined upon the interrogatories which accompany this commission (for *viva voce*).

Any party to the proceeding may appear before you by his counsel or agent or if not in custody, in person and may examine, cross examine or re-examine (as the case may be) the said witness.

And I further have the honour to request that you will be pleased to cause the answers of the said witness to be reduced into writing and all books, letters, papers, and documents produced upon such examination to be duly marked for identification and that you will be further pleased to authenticate such examination by your official seal (if any) and by your signature and to return the same together with this commission to the undersigned through the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of 19

Judge,

District Magistrate
Presidency Magistrate.”

[No. F. 11/5/65-Judl. II.]

B. SHUKLA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE
(Department of Economic Affairs)
New Delhi the 21st January 1966

S.O. 367.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India as on the 21st January 1966.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital Paid Up	5,00,00,000	Notes	25,11,24,000
Reserve Fund	80,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	5,27,000
		Small Coin	3,50,000
		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	100,00,00,000	(a) Internal
		(b) External
		(c) Government Treasury Bills	63,24,84,000
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	10,00,00,000	Balances Held Abroad*	13,97,72,000
		Investments**	197,15,80,000
		Loans and Advances to :—	
National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	15,00,00,000	(i) Central Government
		(ii) State Governments@	129,24,80,000
Deposits : -		Loans and Advances to :—	
(a) Government		(i) Scheduled Banks†	30,19,55,000
		(ii) State Co-operative Banks‡	165,98,56,000
		(iii) Others	1,49,59,000
(i) Central Government	51,80,50,000		
(ii) State Governments	14,98,38,000		

Loans, Advances and Investments from National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund—

(a) Loans and Advances to :—

(b) Banks		(i) State Governments	29,49,61,000
		(ii) State Co-operative Banks	12,51,05,000
		(iii) Central Land Mortgage Banks
(i) Scheduled Banks	115,46,10,000	(b) Investment in Central Land Mortgage Bank Debentures	5,47,77,000
(ii) State Co-operative Banks	3,01,20,000		
(iii) Other Banks	2,12,000	Loans & Advances from National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund—	
		Loans and Advances to State Co-operative Banks
(c) Others	214,06,27,000	Loans, Advances and Investments from National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund—	
Bills Payable	31,45,39,000	(a) Loans and Advances to the Development Bank	2,88,13,000
		(b) Investment in bonds/debentures issued by the Development Bank
Other Liabilities	76,84,04,000	Other Assets	40,76,57,000
Rupees	717,64,00,000	Rupees	717,64,00,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

**Excluding Investments from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund.

@Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund, but including temporary overdrafts to State Governments.

†Includes Rs. Nil advanced to scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4) (c) of the R.B.I. Act.

‡Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund.

Dated the 27th day of January, 1966.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 21st day of January 1966

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	25,11,24,000		Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
Notes in circulation	2775,62,48,000		(a) Held in India	133,75,66,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
Total Notes issued		2800,73,72,000	Foreign Securities	75,05,24,000	
			TOTAL		208,80,00,000
			Rupee Coin		98,85,00,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		2493,07.82,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2800,73,72,000	TOTAL ASSETS		2800,73,72,000

Dated the 27th day of January, 1966.

M. R. BHIDE,
Dy. Governor.

[No. F.3(3)-BC/66]

R. K. SESHADRI,
Director(Banking).

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 22nd January 1966

S.O. 368.—In pursuance of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 21 of the State Bank of India Act, 1955 (23 of 1955), the Central Government, in consultation with the Reserve Bank of India, hereby nominates the following persons to be members of the Hyderabad Local Board with effect from the 1st February 1966:—

1. Shri Raja Ram Deo Rao, Opposite Public School, Begumpet, Hyderabad-16.
2. Shri E.B.V. Raghavaiah, Kunderu, P.O. Krishna. District Krishna, Hyderabad.
3. Shri Macherla Rama Row, Bio-Chemicals and Synthetic Products, Sanathnagar, Hyderabad.
4. Shri A. Srinivasachari, Bank Street, Hyderabad-1.

[No. F. 3/2/66-SB.]

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 369.—In notification of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs) No. S.O. 2023, dated the 6th July 1965/Asadha 15, 1887, published in the Gazette of India Part II, Section 3(ii), dated the 17th July, 1965/Asadha 26, 1887 for "No. F. 8(1)-FI/55" read "No. F. 8(10)-FI/55".

[No. F. 8/53/65-SB.]

V. SWAMINATHAN, Under Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 5th February 1966

S.O. 370.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 7 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares Rameswaram in the district of Ramnad in the state of Madras to be a customs port for the unloading of imported goods and the loading of export goods of all descriptions.

[No. 22/F. No. 14/3/66-LC.II.]

G. P. DURAIRAJ, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

ORDERS

STAMPS

New Delhi, the 5th February 1966

S.O. 371.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899), the Central Government hereby remits the duty with which the bonds of the value of eighty two lakhs and fifty thousands of rupees issued by the Punjab Financial Corporation are chargeable under the said Act.

2. This order shall be deemed to have come into force on 14th day of November, 1965.

[No. 2/66-Stamps/F. No. 1/83/65-Cus.VIII.]

S.O. 372.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899), the Central Government hereby remits the duty with which the receipts given by the Assam Rifles personnel on receiving their pay and allowances are chargeable under the said Act.

2. This order shall be deemed to have taken effect from the 1st day of July, 1965 and shall remain in force during the period of operation of the Proclamation of Emergency issued on the 26th October, 1962.

[No. 3/66-Stamps/F. No. 1/35/65-Cus.VII.]

S.O. 373.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. S.O. 3432 (21/65-Stamps/F. No. 1/59/65-Cus. VII), dated the 30th October, 1965, published at page 3617 of the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3—sub-section (ii), dated the 6th November, 1965, namely:—

In the said Order, the following paragraph shall be added, namely:—

“2. This Order shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st October, 1965.”

[No. 4/65-Stamps/F. No. 1/59/65-Cus. VII.]

M. G. VAIDYA, Under Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF EXCISE AND CUSTOMS

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 5th February 1966

S.O. 374.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Customs Act, 1962, (52 of 1962), the Central Board of Excise and Customs hereby declares Hyderabad to be a warehousing station.

[No. 21/F. No. 3/67/65-Cus.VII.]

M. G. VAIDYA, Under Secy.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF CENTRAL EXCISE: PATNA

Patna, the 14th December 1965

SUBJECT :—*Central Excise—Clearance of non-excisable goods—intermediate or residual products—under Rule 50 of Central Excise Rules.*

S.O. 375.—In exercise of powers conferred by Rule 50 of Central Excise Rules, 1944, the undersigned, directs that no manufacturer of excisable goods, specified in the table below, shall remove from his licensed premises, the non-excisable goods or intermediate or residual products obtained in the said table without observing the following requirements:—

(1) Non-excisable goods or intermediate or residual products as shown in column 3 of the table shall be removed from such premises only under a gate pass.

(2) No permission of the Central Excise Officer before effecting clearance or countersignature of the Central Excise Officer on the gate pass is necessary.

(3) Gate pass for clearance of non-excisable goods or intermediate or residual products, shall be signed by the manufacturer's authorised representative. [Documents of the factory, such as, factory's own Challan/Delivery Note/Invoices, can also be accepted in lieu of the gate pass, provided such Challan/Delivery Note/Invoice incorporates all particulars required to be given in a gate pass.]

(4) Documents covering the removal of such goods shall be produced *on demand* for verification of checks by Central Excise Officers.

TABLE

Tariff Item No	Name of the excisable goods	Name of the non-excisable goods or intermediate or residual products.
(1)	(2)	(3)
13	Vegetable Products	(a) Soap stock (b) Spent earth (c) Soft and hard acid oil (d) Vegetable tallow (e) roots
14	Pigments, Colours, Paints, Enamels, Varnishes, Blacks & Cellulose lacquers	All non-excisable articles which are packed in similar containers in which excisable items are packed.
14B	Caustic Soda	Sodium Hydrosulphate, Bleach liquor, Sodium Hypochloride
14BB	Sodium Silicate	Solible Glass.
14E	Patent or Proprietary medicines	(a) Medicines containing alcohol opium, Indian hemp and other narcotic drugs, (b) Ayurvedic, Unani, Sidha or Homeopathic medicines. (c) Pharma copoeial preparation not attracting duty under item 14E.
15	Soap.	Nigger
19	Cotton Fabrics	a) Fabrics other than excisable fabrics for which the factory is licensed (b) Cotton baled
23	Cement.	(a) Clinker
23A	Glass & Glass ware	(a) Broken Glass.
23B	China ware & Porcelain ware	(a) Broken china & porcelain ware (b) Refractory archchamber (c) Refractory heating element.
31	Electric Batteries & parts thereof	Dummy Batteries.
31A	Wireless receiving sets	(a) Empty cabinets for Radios (b) Radio sets brought for repairs or servicing.
32B	Electric wires & Cables	(a) Bare wire of copper above 14 SWG (b) Bare Wire of aluminium above 10 SWG. (c) Brass wires packed. (d) Steel wire in packed condition. (e) Soldering wire in packed condition. (f) P V. C Tubings & Slavings
38	Matches	Splints & Vencers.

[No. 3/CX/MP/65]
B. S CHAWLA,
Collector of
Central Excise, Patna.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 376.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 (1 of 1937), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Pepper Grading and Marking Rules, 1961, the same having been previously published as required by the said section, namely;

RULES

1 These rules may be called the Pepper Grading and Marking (Amendment) Rules, 1966.

2. In the Pepper Grading and Marking Rules, 1961, in Schedule I, for the entry "3.0" in column 3 against the entry "M.G. Grade 2" in column 1, the entry "5.0" shall be substituted.

[No. F. 15-29/65-AM.]

SANTOKH SINGH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 19th January 1966

S.O. 377.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) read with clause (b) of sub-section (3), of section 3 of the Delhi Development Act, 1957 (61 of 1957), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri S. G. Bose-Mullick as vice-chairman of the Delhi Development Authority, with effect from the 1st January, 1966, in place of Shri K. L. Rathee and makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Health, No. 12-173/67-LSG, dated the 30th December, 1957, namely:—

In the said notification, in item 2 of the entry "Shri K. L. Rathee", the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"Shri S. G. Bose-Mullick".

[No. F. 10-7/62-LSGI.]

A. P. MATHUR, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 28th January 1966

S.O. 378.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 13 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), the Central Government, after consulting the Medical Council of India, hereby makes the following further amendments in Part II of the Third Schedule to the said Act, namely:—

In the said Part II of the Third Schedule, after the entry "M.D. (Parma, Italy)", the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

"General Physician (Moscow Medical Institute, Moscow)."

"General Physician (Patrice Lumumba Friendship University, Moscow.)"

[No. F. 18-79/65-MPT.]

S.O. 379.—Whereas in pursuance of the provision of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), Dr. B. K. Naik, M.B. B.S., M.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H. Principal, Institute of Medical Sciences, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad has been elected by the Osmania University to be a member of the Medical Council of India *vice* Dr. M. Y. Insari who has ceased to be a member of the medical faculty of the said University;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provision of sub-section (1) of section 3, of the said Act, the Central Government hereby makes the following further

amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Health No. F. 5-13/59-MI, dated the 9th January, 1960, namely:—

In the said notification, under the heading "Elected under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3", for the entry against serial No. 12, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"Dr. B. K. Naik, M.B. B.S., M.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H., Principal, Institute of Medical Sciences, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.

[No. F. 4-34/65-MPT.]

New Delhi, the 31st January 1966

S.O. 380.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 11 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), the Central Government, after consulting the Medical Council of India, hereby makes the following amendment in the First Schedule to the said Act, namely:—

In the said Schedule, after the entry relating to the Jammu and Kashmir University, the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

"Ranchi University	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery	M.B.B.S.	Ranchi
Banaras Hindu University	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery	M.B.B.S.	Banaras
Bangalore University	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery	M.B.B.S.	Bangalore"

(K.M.L. GUPTA)

Under Secretary

[No. F. 18-3/66-MPT.]

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 381.—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Health No. F. 3-2/62-MII, dated the 17th October, 1962, in the headings—

"Elected under sub-section (a) of section 3",

"Elected under sub-section (b) of section 3",

"Elected under sub-section (c) of section 3",

"Elected under sub-section (d) of section 3",

"Nominated under sub-section (e) of section 3",

"Nominated under sub-section (f) of section 3",

for the word "Sub-section" occurring therein read "clause".

[No. F. 3-2/65-MPT.]

K. M. L. GUPTA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM & CHEMICALS

(Department of Petroleum)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 20th January 1966

S.O. 382.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), as applied to the Union territory of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Mines and Fuel, No. S.O. 3524, dated the 13th November, 1962, namely:—

In the said notification, in item (iii), after the words "the Chief Commissioner of Pondicherry," the words "or, in respect of any area in Karaikal, Mahe or Yanam, also by the Director of Civil Supplies or the Administrator thereof, with the previous consent in writing of the Chief Commissioner of Pondicherry," shall be inserted.

[No. F. 101(84)/62(SUP).]

S. K. GUHA, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS AND HOUSING

New Delhi, the 27th January 1966

S.O. 383.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1958 (32 of 1958), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment to the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply No. S.O. 1104, dated the 7th May, 1959, as amended by notification No. S.O. 350, dated the 21st January, 1964 namely:—

In the table below the said notification, for Serial No. 38, and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

Designation of officers	Categories of public premises and local limits of jurisdiction.
1	2
“38(a) Additional District Magistrate, Port Blair (b) Assistant Commissioner, Mayabunder. (c) Additional Deputy Commissioner, Car Nicobar. (d) Assistant Commissioner, Nancowry.	South Andaman Sub Division. Mayabunder Sub-Division, Car Nicobar Sub Division, Nancowry Sub Division.”

[No. 32/1/64-Acc.II.]
B. M. LAL, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S.O. 384.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (i) of Section 3 of the Transfer of Evacuee Deposit Act, 1954 (No. 15 of 1954) the Central Government hereby appoints Shri A. G. Vaswani, Settlement Commissioner and ex-officio Under Secretary in the Ministry of Rehabilitation, New Delhi, as Custodian of Deposits in addition to his own duties with effect from the afternoon of the 20th December, 1965, until further orders.

[No. F. 45(1)/65-IMP.]
G. D. KSHETERPAL, Jt., Secy. (W)

(Office of the Regional Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 385.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed in the Union Territory of Delhi for public purposes, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation & Rehabilitation) Act, 1954, it is notified that the central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

SCHEDULE

No.	Particulars of property	Area	Name of the evacuee with rights in the property.
	Khewat Khasra numbers.	Big-Biswas	
1	Village Auchandi 166/258 19/6 19/14	5—9 3—1	Subedar Khan, s/o Shahbaz Khan Sultan Khan, Sayid Khan, Majid Khan ss/o Dondi Khan, Rahim Khan s/o Rehman Khan, Sher Mohd. Khan s/o Shahbaz Khan non-occupancy tenants rights evacuee.
	264/390 69/9/3	1—8	Sultan Khan, Sayid Khan, Majid Khan, s/o Dondi Khan non-occupancy rights evacuee.

[No. 1(2)/L&R/65]
A.G. VASWANI,

Settlement Commissioner and Ex. Officio Under Secy.

(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 386.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-Section (1) of Section 6 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950), the Central Government hereby appoints for the State of Punjab, Shri J. M. Tandon, Regional Settlement Commissioner, Jullundur, as Custodian for the purposes of discharging the duties imposed on Custodian by or under the said Act with effect from the forenoon of 13th January, 1966.

[No. 5(2)/AGZ/66.]

S.O. 387.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-Section (1) of Section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954, (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri J. M. Tandon, Regional Settlement Commissioner, Jullundur, as Settlement Commissioner for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to such officers by or under the said Act with effect from the forenoon of 13th January, 1966.

[No. 5(2)/AGZ/66.]

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 388.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (I) of Section 6 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950), the Central Government hereby appoints for the States of Maharashtra, Gujarat, Andhra Pradesh, Madras, Mysore and Kerala, Shri J. N. Razdan, Settlement Officer in the office of the Regional Settlement Commissioner, Bombay as Deputy Custodian for the purpose of discharging the duties imposed on Custodian by or under the said Act with effect from 15th November, 1965.

[No. 6(5)AGZ/65.]

S.O. 389.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-Section (I) of Section 6 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950), the Central Government hereby appoints for the State of Uttar Pradesh, Shri R. A. Dubey, Settlement Officer in the office of the Assistant Settlement Commissioner, Incharge Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow, as Deputy Custodian for the purpose of discharging the duties imposed on Custodian by or under the said Act with effect from 23rd December, 1965, until further orders.

[No. 6(2)AGZ/65.]

A. G. VASWANI,

Settlement Commissioner (A) & *Ex-Officio*,
Under Secy.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 390.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government having regard to the location of the factory in an implemented area, hereby exempts the Regional Workshop Office of the Assistant Agricultural Engineer, Hyderguda, Hyderabad, from the payment of the employers' special contribution leviable under chapter VA of the said Act, for a period of one year upto and including the 31st December, 1966.

[No. F. 6(83)/65-HL.]

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S.O. 391.—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that:—

(a) the factory, Vijay Textiles, situated in Gadag Area in the district of Dharwar in the State of Mysore; and

(b) the factories,—

- (i) Tungabhadra Pulp and Board Mills Ltd.;
- (ii) Chamundi Chemicals and Fertilizers Ltd.;
- (iii) Workshop Tungabhadra Project, Major Repair Sub-Division,

situated in Munirabad area in the district of Raichur in the State of Mysore, were situated in areas which were sparse areas (that is, areas whose insurable population was less than 500);

And, whereas by virtue of their location in sparse areas the aforesaid factories were granted exemption from the payment of the employers' special contribution under section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in those areas by the Central Government in the Department of Social Security notification No. 6/29/65-HI, dated 25th September 1965;

And, whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Gadag and Munirabad areas in the districts of Dharwar and Raichur respectively in the State of Mysore has now exceeded 500, and they are no longer sparse areas;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India, Department of Social Security No. 6/29/65-HI, dated 25th September, 1965, namely:—

In the schedule to the said notification serial No. 4 and 6 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. F. 6/29/65-HI.]

DALJIT SINGH, Under Secy.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WELFARE

New Delhi, the 31st January 1966

S.O. 392.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri I. N. Jha to be an Inspector for the whole of the State of Uttar Pradesh for the purposes of the said Act or of any Scheme framed thereunder, in relation to any establishment belonging to, or under the control of the Central Government, or in relation to any establishment connected with a railway company or a controlled industry.

[No. 20(69)/64-PF-I.]

S.O. 393.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby appoints S/Shri A. S. Lakshmanan, R. M. Gandhi, A. S. Sattanathan, R. K. Rastogi, and B. C. Gupta to be Inspectors for the whole of the States of Maharashtra, Gujarat, Kerala, Uttar Pradesh and Mysore respectively for the purposes of the said Act and of any Scheme framed thereunder, in relation to any establishment belonging to, or under the control of the Central Government, or in relation to any establishment connected with a railway company, a major port, a mine or an oil field or a controlled industry.

[No. 20(92)/65-PF-I.]

DALJIT SINGH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 394/ECA/Sec. 6/Maj. Ports.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Employment of Children Act, 1938 (26 of 1938) and in supersession of all previous notifications, the Central Government hereby appoints the undermentioned officers to be Inspectors for the purposes of securing compliance with the provisions of the said Act in respect of all the major ports, namely:—

1. The Chief Labour Commissioner (Central);
2. All Deputy Chief Labour Commissioners (Central);
3. All Regional Labour Commissioners (Central);
4. All Assistant Labour Commissioners;
5. All Labour Enforcement Officers.

[No. 542/34/65-Fac.(iv).]

VIDYA PRAKASH, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 22nd January 1966

S.O. 395.—The following draft of a scheme further to amend the Vizagapatam Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1959, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (9 of 1948), is published as required by the said sub-section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th February, 1968.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

Draft Scheme

1. This Scheme may be called the Vizagapatam Dock Workers (Regulation of employment) Amendment Scheme, 1966.

2. In the Vizagapatam Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1959,—

(a) except in sub-clause (e) of clause 3 and clauses 6, 8 and 10, for the words "Executive Officer" wherever they occur, the words "Deputy Chairman" shall be substituted;

(b) for sub-clause (e) of clause 3, the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(e) Deputy Chairman" means the Deputy Chairman of the Vizagapatnam Dock Labour Board;";

(c) for clause 6, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"6. **Appointment of officers and other staff.**—The Board may appoint such officers and servants as it deems necessary and pay them such salaries and allowances and prescribe such terms and conditions of service as it deems fit;

Provided that no post the maximum salary of which exclusive of allowances is rupees five hundred or more per mensem shall be created and no appointment to such post shall be made by the Board except with the previous approval of the Central Government;

Provided further that the sanction of the Central Government shall not be necessary to any appointment in a leave vacancy of a duration of not more than one month.";

(d) in clause 8, sub-clause (k) shall be omitted;

(e) for clause 10, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"10. **Responsibilities and duties of the Deputy Chairman.**—The Deputy Chairman shall be a whole-time officer of the Board and shall assist the Chairman in the discharge of his functions and in particular shall—

(a) discharge all functions relating to disciplinary action against registered employers and dock workers to the extent permitted under clause 44;

(b) function as Chairman of Committees of the Board to which he may be nominated a member;

(c) preside over the meetings of the Board in the absence of the Chairman;

(d) carry out the functions of the Administrative Body under clause 11, if he is so appointed under clause 5 or if there is no Administrative Body appointed under clause 5;

(e) exercise such other functions as are delegated to him in writing by the Chairman."

[No. 528/171/65-Fac.]

S.O. 396.—The following draft of a scheme further to amend the Mormugoa Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1965, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of Section 4 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (9

of 1948), is published as required by the said sub-section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th February, 1966.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

Draft Scheme

1. This Scheme may be called the Mormugoa Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Amendment Scheme, 1966.

2. In the Mormugoa Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1965,—

(a) except in sub-clause (i) of clause 3 and in clauses 6 and 10, for the words "Executive Officer" wherever they occur, the words "Deputy Chairman" shall be substituted;

(b) in clause 3,—

(i) after sub-clause (e), the following Sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(ec) 'Deputy Chairman' means the Deputy Chairman of the Board;";

(ii) sub-clause (i) shall be omitted;

(c) for clause 6, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"6. *Personnel officer and other staff.*—The Board may appoint a Personnel officer and such other staff, and pay them such salaries and allowances and prescribe such terms and conditions of service as it deems fit:

Provided that no post the maximum salary of which exclusive of allowances is rupees six hundred and above per mensem shall be created and no appointment to such post shall be made by the Board except with the previous approval of the Central Government:

Provided further that the sanction of the Central Government shall not be necessary to any appointment in a leave vacancy of a duration of not more than one month;";

(d) for clause 11, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"11. *Responsibilities and duties of the Deputy Chairman.*—The Deputy Chairman shall be a whole-time officer of the Board and shall assist the Chairman in the discharge of his functions and in particular shall—

(a) discharge all functions relating to disciplinary action against registered employers and dock workers to the extent permitted under clause 46;

(b) function as Chairman of Committees of the Board to which he may be nominated a member;

(c) preside over the meetings of the Board in the absence of the Chairman;

(d) carry out the functions of the Administrative Body under clause 12, if he is so appointed under clause 5 or if there is no Administrative Body appointed under clause 5;

(e) exercise such other functions as are delegated to him in writing by the Chairman;";

(f) in clause 46(1)(i), for the words "The officer shall consider", the words "The Personnel Officer shall consider" shall be substituted.

[No. 528/171/65-Fac. 3.]

S.O. 397.—The following draft of a scheme further to amend the Cochin Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1959, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 4 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (9 of 1948), is published as required by the said sub-section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th February, 1966.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

Draft Scheme

1. This Scheme may be called the Madras Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Amendment Scheme, 1966.

2. In the Mormugao Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1965,—

(a) except in sub-clause (i) of clause 3 and clauses 6, 8 and 10, for the words "Executive Officer" wherever they occur, the words "Deputy Chairman" shall be substituted;

(b) in clause 3,—

(i) after sub-clause (e), the following sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(ee) 'Deputy Chairman' means the Deputy Chairman of the Dock Labour Board;"

(ii) clause (i) shall be omitted;

(c) for clause 6, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"6. *Personnel officer and other staff.*—The Board may appoint a Personnel officer and such other staff, and pay them such salaries and allowances and prescribe such terms and conditions of service as it deems fit:

Provided that no post the maximum salary of which exclusive of allowances is rupees five hundred or more per mensem shall be created and no appointment to such post shall be made, by the Board except with the previous approval of the Central Government:

Provided further that the sanction of the Central Government shall not be necessary to any appointment in a leave vacancy of a duration of not more than one month.";

(d) in sub-clause (k) of clause 8, the words "The Executive Officer and" shall be omitted;

(e) for clause 10, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"10. *Responsibilities and duties of the Deputy Chairman.*—The Deputy Chairman shall be a whole-time officer of the Board and shall assist the Chairman in the discharge of his functions and in particular shall—

(a) discharge all functions relating to disciplinary action against registered employers and dock workers to the extent permitted under clause 45;

(b) function as Chairman of Committees of the Board to which he may be nominated a member;

(c) preside over the meetings of the Board in the absence of the Chairman;

(d) carry out the functions of the Administrative Body under clause 11, if he is so appointed under clause 5 or if there is no Administrative Body appointed under clause 5;

(e) exercise such other functions as are delegated to him in writing by the Chairman."

[No. 528/171/65-Fac.2.]

S.O. 398.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (9 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Rules, 1962, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Amendment Rules, 1966.

2. In sub-rule (2) of rule 3 and in sub-rule (1) of rule 7 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Rules, 1962, for the words "Bombay and Calcutta", the words "Bombay, Calcutta, Cochin, Madras, Mormugao and Vizagapatam" shall be substituted.

[No. 528(171)/65-Fac.]

S.O. 399.—The following draft of a scheme further to amend the Madras Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1956, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (9 of 1948), is published as required by the said sub-section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th February 1966.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

Draft Scheme

1. This Scheme may be called the Madras Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Amendment Scheme, 1966.

2. In the Madras Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1956,—

(a) except in sub-clause (e) of clause 3 and clauses 6, 8 and 10, for the words "Executive Officer" wherever they occur, the words "Deputy Chairman" shall be substituted;

(b) for sub-clause (e) of clause 3, the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(e) 'Deputy Chairman' means the Deputy Chairman of the Dock Labour Board";

(c) for clause 6, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"6. *Personnel officer and other staff.*—The Board may appoint a Personnel officer and such other staff, and pay them such salaries and allowances and prescribe such terms and conditions of service as it deems fit:

Provided that no post the maximum salary of which exclusive of allowances is rupees five hundred or more per mensem shall be created and no appointment to such post shall be made by the Board except with the previous approval of the Central Government;

Provided further that the sanction of the Central Government shall not be necessary to any appointment in a leave vacancy of a duration of not more than one month";

(d) in sub-clause (k) of clause 8, the words "the Executive Officer and" shall be omitted;

(e) for clause 10, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"10. *Responsibilities and duties of the Deputy Chairman.*—The Deputy Chairman shall be a whole-time officer of the Board and shall assist the Chairman in the discharge of his functions and in particular shall—

(a) discharge all functions relating to disciplinary action against registered employers and dock workers to the extent permitted under clause 45;

(b) function as Chairman of Committees of the Board to which he may be nominated a member;

(c) preside over the meetings of the Board in the absence of the Chairman;

(d) carry out the functions of the Administrative Body under clause 11, if he is so appointed under clause 5 or if there is no Administrative Body appointed under clause 5;

(e) exercise such other functions as are delegated to him in writing by the Chairman."

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S.O. 400.—The following draft of a scheme further to amend the Madras Unregistered Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1957, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act 1948 (9 of 1948), is published as required by the said sub-section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th February, 1966.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

Draft Scheme

1. This Scheme may be called the Madras Unregistered Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Amendment Scheme, 1965.
2. In the Madras Unregistered Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1957, for the words "Executive Officer" wherever they occur, the words "Deputy Chairman" shall be substituted.

[No. 528/171/65-Fac. 5.]

K. D. HAJELA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S.O. 401.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Calcutta, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Samla Colliery, Post Office Pandaveswar, Burdwan and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 19th January, 1966.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, CALCUTTA.

REFERENCE No. 73 OF 1964.

PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the Samla Colliery,

AND

Their workmen.

PRESENT:

Shri L. P. Dave—Presiding Officer.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of employers—Shri K. K. Maitra.

On behalf of workmen—Shri N. D. Das, Advocate.

STATE: West Bengal.

INDUSTRY: Col Mines.

AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment, by their order No. 6/99/64/LRII, dated 17th December, 1964, have referred the industrial dispute existing between the employers in relation to the Samla Colliery and their workmen in respect of the question whether the action of the management in dismissing their workmen Sarvashri Rampat Jayaswara, Lachman Jayaswara and Biswanath Jayaswara from service was justified and if not, to what relief these workmen were entitled, for adjudication to this Tribunal.

2. The matter relates to the dismissal of three workmen. According to the management, about 30 to 40 workmen committed a riot near the manager's office on 7th April, 1964, in the course of which riot they assaulted several people, abused them, damaged property, etc. The police was informed and they arrested several people including the three persons who are concerned in this reference. Later on, these persons were released on bail. The management issued two

charge-sheets against each of these three workmen. The first was regarding riot, etc., and the second was regarding leaving and absenting from work. It is said that chargesheets were sent to them through a peon but they refused to accept them. Thereupon they were sent by registered post and then also they refused to accept them. After this notices were sent to them regarding the date of enquiry and this also was refused by them. A departmental enquiry was held *ex-parte* against different people on different dates and they were held guilty. The manager considered the report and recommended their dismissal on the ground of their riotous behaviour etc. In his report he did not consider or touch the second chargesheet. The higher authorities having agreed with the manager, these three persons (and others) were dismissed. The present reference has been made in respect of these three persons.

3. The workmen's case is that they did not take part in the so-called riot; that actually they were then on duty working at their respective places; that they were falsely implicated because of their trade union activities; that they were falsely got arrested; that no chargesheet was tendered to them or refused by them as alleged; that they were not even informed of the date of hearing and therefore the dismissal is not justified.

4. At the outset, I may mention that the law relating to dismissal as a result of departmental enquiry is well settled. If the enquiry has been properly held, the tribunal has no right to go into the merits of the case. It is not sitting in appeal against the decision of the enquiry officer and cannot consider whether the evidence was sufficient or not nor can it consider whether it was reliable or not. It has however, got to be satisfied that the enquiry was properly held; that there was no violation of principles of natural justice; that the finding was not perverse and that there was no victimisation or want of bonafides.

5. Before going into the merits, I shall deal with the technical point raised by the employers that the present dispute is an individual dispute and not an industrial dispute. The present reference has been made at the instance of the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha. The employer's case is that this union is not working in this colliery and that they have, therefore, no right to raise the dispute and that in any case they should have satisfied the tribunal that a large number of workers of this colliery and espoused the cause of the present workmen; otherwise, it would be an individual dispute and not an industrial dispute.

6. The present three workmen were working in the Samla Colliery which belong to Samla Collieries Ltd. This company has got four collieries in the locality namely, Samla colliery, Chatrishgonda colliery, Kendra colliery and Ramnagar colliery which are generally referred to as the Samla group of collieries. These collieries are situated in the same locality. There is no separate Dhowra for the workers of a particular colliery and the workers of the collieries, do not live separately colliery-wise but they are all staying inter-mingled.

7. The management have examined office bearers of two other unions namely, the Organising Secretary of the Colliery Mazdoor Congress and the Branch Secretary of the Colliery Mazdoor Union in support of their allegation that the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha is not working in this colliery. The former says that there are 650 to 700 workers in Samla colliery and out of them 504 were the members of his union in 1964. He had brought a register to show this but there was nothing in the register to show as to for what year it was. It also did not show the date or dates on which different members had paid their subscriptions nor had he brought any receipt book (counter-foil book) in support of this register. He also said that the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha is not working in any of the collieries belonging to this management, which statement, as I shall presently show, is not correct at least in respect of Ramnagar colliery. The second witness who is an office bearer of the Colliery Mazdoor Union stated that there was 650 workers in Samla colliery of whom 287 were their members in 1963-64 and 321 in 1964-65. He had brought registers to show this. He could not say whether the Colliery Mazdur Sabha was working in this colliery or not.

8. It would appear from this that there must be several workers who must be members both of the Colliery Mazdoor Congress and of the Colliery Mazdoor Union. If persons could join two unions they might as well have joined the third union. Hence the number of members of these two Unions would not necessarily mean that the Colliery Mazdur Sabha could have no member in this colliery. We have then the evidence of Shri Robin Chatterjee who has been examined on behalf of the workmen in this case. He is the Vice-President of the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha and he has stated that they had 207 members in 1963-64 and 272 in 1964-65 in this colliery. He had brought the counter-foils of receipts in support of this and also a membership Register. He has further stated

that this union started working in this group of collieries from October 1963. I believe him on all these points.

9. From the evidence of Shri Verma, Labour Welfare Officer of Ramnagar colliery, who has been examined on behalf of the management, it appears that the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha is doing active work at least in the Ramnagar colliery. Four references between the management and workmen of the Ramnagar colliery are at present pending before the Dhanbad Tribunal and the disputes which are the subject matter of these references have been raised by the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha. Similarly, another industrial dispute was raised by this union regarding 125 workmen of this colliery before the Conciliation officer about six months ago. These proceedings ended into an agreement which was signed on behalf of the workmen by seven of their representatives and was also attested by Shri Robin Chatterjee, the Vice-President of the above union, showing that that union had taken active interest in those proceedings. Shri Verma has further said that there are several matters now pending before the Conciliation officer regarding disputes in the Ramnagar colliery and these disputes have been raised by the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha. He frankly admitted that the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha was doing active work so far as Ramnagar colliery was concerned. He is, as stated above, the Labour Welfare Officer of Ramnagar Colliery and these statements of his deserve great weight.

10. As I mentioned above, there are no separate dhowras for any one colliery and the workmen of the different collieries live together. It is not possible, therefore, that a union would be working in only one of these collieries and not in other collieries of the same group. I believe Shri Robin Chatterjee when he says that their union is working in all the four collieries including the Samla colliery. He has further stated that the workmen of this colliery had held a meeting and passed a resolution to take up the case of these workmen. I believe him on this point also. On the whole, I am satisfied that the present dispute has been taken up not only by the Colliery Mazdoor Sabha, which is working in this colliery, but also by a number of workmen of that colliery and it is not, therefore, an individual dispute but is an industrial dispute.

11. Coming to the merits of the case, two charge-sheets were served against each of these three workmen. We are concerned in this case mainly with the first charge-sheet about rioting. The second charge-sheet was regarding their absence from work. Rampat was charged with absence from 7th April, 1964, Lachman from 8th April, 1964 and Biswanath from 9th April, 1964. In each case the absence was said to be upto 15th April, 1964 and it was alleged that they had left work without permission and were guilty under clause 18(p) of the Standing orders.

12. During the period of this absence these people were admittedly in custody. It is alleged by them that while in custody they had sent applications for leave. This allegation is made for the first time during their evidence. No such allegation was made in the written statement. There is no evidence that they had sent any such applications; if they had sent an application while in custody, it would have been sent through the jailor and evidence could have been brought to show that such applications were sent. I do not believe the allegation that they had sent applications for leave.

13. The absence however was not for 10 days or more, because the absence started in the case of one workman from 7th, the second from the 8th and the third from the 9th upto 15th; that means that even in the case of first workman, the absence was for 9 days. The persons could not, therefore, be said to have been absent without permission for more than 10 days and could not have been said to have committed misconduct described in sub-clause (n) of clause 18 of the Standing orders.

14. It was however said that they were charged for misconduct under clause (p) which refers to leaving work without permission or sufficient reasons. This would be something different from absence from work. This Clause would apply where a workman, after having joined his duty, leaves it in the midst of the work and not where a person does not join his duty at the due time. So far as workers Biswanath and Rampat are concerned, there is no allegation that they left the work, after joining duty and so far as they are concerned, they could not be said to have infringed clause (p). So far as Lachman is concerned, it is said that he went underground at 8 A.M. and came out at 9.30 A.M. In his case, therefore, it is possible to say that he was guilty of leaving duty without permission.

15. I need not however give a definite finding on this point because none of the three workers has been dismissed because of this charge. No doubt a charge-sheet on this ground was served on them. But this charge-sheet was not taken into account in considering their dismissal. The only charge-sheet considered was the charge-sheet regarding rioting and they have been dismissed on the ground of that charge-sheet only and therefore so far as the present case is concerned, that is the only charge-sheet that has got to be considered.

16. Regarding the charge-sheet of rioting, it does appear that some incident did take place near the office of the manager on 7th April, 1964. The workman Biswanath has also admitted that he learnt that great trouble took place in the manager's office and several persons had been assaulted. The question that has however to be considered is whether these three persons had taken part therein and were guilty of rioting, etc.

17. As I mentioned above, the powers of the tribunal are limited. If it is found that proper enquiry was held, the tribunal cannot ordinarily go into the merits of the case except in certain cases. The first point that must therefore be considered is whether a proper enquiry was held in the matter.

18. The management's case is that they issued charge-sheets and sent them through a peon but the workmen refused to accept them. They were, therefore, sent by registered post and even then the workmen refused them and the letters were returned unserved as 'refused'. Letters were again issued regarding date fixed for enquiry and they were refused in the same manner as the charge-sheets. The enquiry officer had, therefore, no option but to hold the enquiry *ex-parte* and he did so and found them guilty. In support of this case, the management have produced the letters which they had sent by registered post and which were returned unserved with the endorsement 'refused'. *Prima facie* it must be presumed that these letters were tendered to these workmen and were refused by them.

19. It is important to note in this connection that the management had also at the same time sent letters under certificate of posting when they sent them by registered post and they have produced the certificates of posting. These letters have not been delivered to the addressee. No doubt, the concerned workman says that no letters were ever tendered either by the peon of the colliery or by post-man but I do not believe them. At least in the case of workman Biswanath, he says that he did learn about the enquiry and had been present at the enquiry on 1st May 1964. The registered letters addressed to him had been returned unserved and the only way by which he could have learnt about the enquiry must have been from the letters sent to him under certificate of posting. I hold that notices were sent to the three workmen but they refused to accept them. In the circumstances, I further hold that the enquiry officer was right in holding the enquiry *ex-parte*.

20. In this connection, it may be noted that the enquiry officer has stated that before starting the enquiry he had satisfied himself that the notices had been sent to the workmen and were returned as 'refused'. The bonafides of the enquiry officer find support from the fact that though charge-sheets were issued against a large number of persons, he held the enquiry only against those persons in whose case letters had been returned as 'refused'.

21. It is true that the enquiry officer on different dates against three sets of persons however wrote a single enquiry report as he had read the three evidences as a whole and would have vitiated his finding but as evidences as a whole, he has analysed it. I further find that the evidence against the present three persons consists recorded on the date of the enquiry which person.

enquiry on three persons is not wrong. He has mentioned that they have been properly read and the evidence separately and taken into account which had been stated that particular

22. The enquiry against Rampat and So far as Rampat is concerned, Shiva Nish, Roy, Kuldip Singh had involved him and I find that these witnesses had been examined on 28th April, 1964 and had involved him in that evidence. So far as Lachman is concerned, R. P. Singh, S. K. Ghosh, Chandrama Roy and Kuldip Singh had involved in their evidence recorded on 28th April, 1964. The enquiry against Biswanath was held on 1st May, 1964 and he was involved by R. P. Singh, Onkar Singh, Chandrama Roy and Kuldip Singh in their evidence recorded on 1st May, 1964. This would mean that only the evidence which was recorded on

28th April, 1964. Nish, Chandrama

the day of the enquiry against a particular person was taken into account against that person and evidence recorded on other dates was not used to hold the person guilty. No prejudice can, therefore, be said to have been caused to any of these three workmen by the fact that the enquiry officer wrote one report taking into account evidence recorded on three different dates.

23. It was urged that the enquiry was not proper as it was held on three dates against different people and that there should have been one enquiry held on one day against all. I do feel that it would have been better if one enquiry was held against all persons on one day. But merely because three different enquiries were held against three sets of people on three different dates, it would not vitiate them nor could it be said on that ground that the enquiry was not proper.

24. It was then urged that the enquiry officer was not an independent person as he was an employee of the company and further that he was serving in another colliery of the same group and therefore would not be careful to look after the interests of these workmen. The enquiry was held by Shri Verma, Labour Welfare Officer of the Ramnagar colliery of this group. It is true that he is an employee of the company but that would not necessarily mean that he was prejudiced nor would it make the enquiry improper. Again, the fact that he was not concerned with the Samla colliery but was serving in the Ramnagar colliery would mean that he had not any preconceived ideas in the matter. In any case there is nothing to show that he was biased or the like and I see no reason to hold the enquiry improper on this ground.

25. It was then argued that the allegations in the charge-sheet were regarding different acts and there was no evidence before the enquiry officer that these three persons had committed a particular act or acts. It may be remembered that the charge was that several workmen had formed themselves into an unlawful assembly members of which did different unlawful acts. In a case of that type, it is not necessary that each person should be proved to have committed a particular act. If unlawful acts are performed by members of an unlawful assembly in furtherance of their common object, each member would be equally guilty. In the present case, there was evidence before the enquiry officer that the workmen had formed into an unlawful assembly and in furtherance of the common object of that assembly, different acts were committed by different members of that unlawful assembly and there was also evidence that the present three persons were members of that unlawful assembly. In the circumstances, the enquiry officer was justified in holding them guilty.

26. On the whole, I am satisfied that the enquiry was proper; that being so, I would have no jurisdiction to go into the merits of the case. I need not therefore examine the evidence led before me on the point.

27. It is true that it was an *ex-parte* enquiry but for this the workmen have to thank themselves. They could have appeared to the enquiry in which case they would have got the opportunity of cross-examining the witnesses and also of leading defence evidence. They did not get this opportunity because they refused to accept the notices tendered to them.

28. In this connection, I do not believe Biswanath when he says that he attended the enquiry on 1st May, 1964 but no enquiry was held in his presence and no witnesses were examined. He had admitted that at least Chandrama Roy was called into the room where the enquiry was being held; he however says that no question was put to him and no signature was obtained from Chandrama Roy. From the enquiry papers, I find that Chandrama Roy's signature was taken below his statement.

29. Even if the enquiry was proper and even if the tribunal could not go into the merits of the case on that ground, it would have jurisdiction to consider the case if it was satisfied that it was a case of victimisation. It has been alleged in the written statement that these workmen were victimised because of their trade union activities. There is however no evidence in support of this allegation. Neither Biswanath nor Lachman even says that he was even a member of this particular trade union; neither of them gave any reason why he was falsely involved in the case. Rampat has said that he was got arrested because he was a member of the union. I do not believe this. There are more than 200 members of this union and there was no reason why this particular workmen were involved only because they were members of the union. I can understand that a workman may be victimised by the management if he is taking active part in trade

union work; but there is no such evidence regarding any of these workmen. Even Shri Robin Chatterjee does not say that these workmen were active members of his union. I am, therefore, not satisfied that there was any victimisation.

30. In the result, I hold that there was a proper enquiry; that the finding was not perverse (because there was evidence from which the enquiry officer could hold these workmen guilty); that there was no want of bonafides nor is it a case of victimisation. I therefore hold that the dismissal of these workmen was justified and they are not entitled to any relief. No orders as to costs.

I pass my award accordingly.

Dated,

The 17th January, 1966.

(Sd.) L. P. DAVE,
Presiding Officer.
[No. 6/99/64-LR.II.]

S.O. 402.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal Calcutta, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Ranipur Colliery of Messrs Equitable Coal Company Limited and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on the 17th January 1966.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, CALCUTTA

REFERENCE No. 27 OF 1965

PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the Ranipur Colliery of Messrs Equitable Coal Co. Ltd.,

AND

Their workmen.

PRESENT:

Shri L. P. Dave—Presiding Officer.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of employers—Shri S. S. Mukherjee, Advocate.

On behalf of workmen—Shri N. R. Roy, Officer, INTUC, Bengal Branch

STATE: West Bengal.

INDUSTRY: Coal Mines.

AWARD

As an industrial dispute was apprehended between the employees in relation to the Ranipur Colliery of Messrs Equitable Coal Co., Ltd., and their workmen represented by the General Secretary, Colliery Mazdoor Union, Asansol, the parties made an application under Section 10(2) of the Industrial Disputes Act for referring the said dispute for adjudication and thereupon the Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment, by their order No. 8/54/65-LR.II, dated 19th June, 1965, referred the dispute for adjudication to this Tribunal. The dispute was on the following points:

“Whether the dismissal of Shri A. N. Biswas, Engineering Assistant of Ranipur Colliery of Messrs Equitable Coal Co. Ltd. was justified? If not, what relief he is entitled to?”

2. The facts leading to this dispute are that one Shri A. N. Biswas was working as Engineering Assistant at the Ranipur Colliery. On 28th January, 1965 he was alleged to have abused in filthy language and threatened to assault one Shri D. G. Chatterjee, Engineer, while he was on duty. A charge-sheet was thereupon issued to him to which he replied on 31st January, 1965. A departmental enquiry was held by the Labour Adviser of the Company on 12th February, 1965 and 17th February, 1965. Shri Biswas was present at the enquiry on both days. On 12th February, 1965 all witnesses of the management were examined and Shri Biswas was allowed to cross-examine and he did cross-examine them. He also examined some defence witnesses on that day. Other defence witnesses being not present,

the enquiry was postponed to 17th February, 1965 when his remaining defence witnesses were examined. The enquiry officer then made a report holding him guilty and on consideration of the record, the management agreed with this report. As a result, he was dismissed. It is this order of dismissal which is the subject matter of this adjudication.

3. The law on the question of the powers of the Tribunal in cases of this type is now well settled. A tribunal is not sitting in appeal against the domestic enquiry. It has no power to consider whether the evidence before the enquiry officer was reliable or not, nor has it the power to consider whether it was sufficient to hold the person guilty. It has got to consider whether that enquiry was proper; that no principle of natural justice was violated; that the chargesheeted person was given sufficient opportunity to defend himself by cross-examining the witnesses of the management and by examining defence witnesses, etc. and if after all this enquiry officer holds the person guilty, the tribunal cannot interfere into that finding. It may, however, interfere if the finding is found to be perverse or if there is want of bonafides or if there is victimisation or if there is unfair labour practice.

4. In the present case, after the chargesheet was served on the person and he had replied to it, a departmental enquiry was duly held. The chargesheeted person was admittedly present at the enquiry. The witnesses in support of the management were examined in his presence and he was allowed to cross examine them. He however alleges that he was allowed to put only one or two questions to each witness and was stopped from putting more questions. In support of this allegation, the only evidence is that of the chargesheeted person himself. I am not prepared to believe him. He has made several statements which I do not find to be true. Further, on going through the enquiry papers, I find that he has cross-examined the witnesses at length, specially D. G. Chatterjee whom he is said to have abused and tried to assault and also one Sasadhar Banerjee who was present at the time. One other witness was the Manager of the colliery who was examined because Shri Biswas had made certain allegations against him and he denied these allegations and he was also cross examined at length. Shri Chatterjee, the Labour Adviser, who held the enquiry has been examined by the management and he has denied the allegation made by Shri Biswas that he stopped Shri Biswas from putting more questions. I believe him.

5. It may then be mentioned that Shri Biswas sent a representation to the Chief Mining Engineer on 1st March, 1965; but therein he has not made any allegation that he was not allowed sufficient opportunity to cross-examine the witnesses. On the whole, I do not believe Shri Biswas when he says that he was not allowed to cross examine the witnesses in detail.

6. Another allegation made by Shri Biswas against the enquiry is that he had given a list of 25 persons whom he wanted to examine as defence witnesses and that he had requested that the enquiry officer should cause these witnesses to remain present at the enquiry and still no steps were taken to do so. Shri Bhattacharjee has explained that when Shri Biswas gave this application to him he instructed the management to give all facilities to Shri Biswas to see that the witnesses named by him were able to attend the enquiry on the adjourned date. Actually he started the enquiry on 12th February, 1965 and after the management's witnesses were examined, 3 witnesses were examined by Shri Biswas as defence witnesses. In other words, Shri Biswas had brought these witnesses with him even though they were named in the above application showing that he did not really require the enquiry officer to take further steps in the matter. In any case, the enquiry officer adjourned the enquiry on that date to 17th February, 1965 to enable Shri Biswas to examine more witnesses and in the meanwhile gave the above instructions to the management. On that day, that is on 17th February, 1965, Shri Biswas produced four more witnesses. I do not accept the allegation which is now made by Shri Biswas that the enquiry officer did not give him opportunity to examine all witnesses that he wanted to examine. In fact what he now says is that the enquiry officer should have seen that the witnesses were present and because the enquiry officer did not take any active action in the matter, it means that the enquiry was defective. I may point out that this allegation of his is made for the first time in his deposition before the Tribunal. Even in the written statement which was filed in this case there is no allegation of this kind.

7. Further, as held by the Supreme Court in the case of Tata Oil Mills Company, Ltd. 1964 II LLJ 113 in a domestic enquiry it is for the parties, namely the employer and the concerned employee, to take steps to produce their respective witnesses and the officer holding the enquiry was not bound to take any steps to compel the attendance of any witness and if the employee was not able to lead

evidence before the domestic enquiry that would be no ground to setting aside the finding thereof. As observed by the Supreme Court, if the enquiry has been fairly conducted, it would mean that all reasonable opportunity had been given to the employee to prove his case by leading evidence and if the witness did not appear to give evidence in support of the employee's case before the enquiry he would not be allowed to lead such evidence before the tribunal; otherwise no domestic enquiry would be effective as in every case the matter would have to be tried afresh by the Industrial Tribunal.

8. In the present case, I am satisfied that a reasonable opportunity was given by the enquiry officer to allow Shri Biswas to examine defence witnesses and he actually adjourned the enquiry for that purpose and Shri Biswas was able to examine more witnesses on the day of the adjourned hearing. I therefore cannot accept this contention of Shri Biswas. Incidentally, I may mention here that this point also was not alleged by Shri Biswas in his representation to the Chief Mining Engineer.

9. It was then said that Shri Biswas was victimised because he was an active trade union worker and because he had given evidence before the Coal Mining Wage Board. In the first place, he has made no, such allegation in his representation to the Chief Mining Engineer nor had he made such an allegation in his reply to the chargesheet. It is significant to note that he had made an allegation about the reason why, he was falsely chargesheeted but it was something different. The explanation given by him as to why he did not make this allegation in his reply to the chargesheet is that that his reply to the chargesheet was very long and he did not want it make it longer by making this allegation. His reply to the chargesheet covers 3 closely typed pages and to make an allegation that he was being victimised for his trade union activities would have added hardly two lines to it. He has devoted a para of more than five lines giving some other reason why he was sought to be victimised.

10. Again, I find that his allegations about his trade union activities is not very reliable. He first said that he was doing honorary work as clerk in the trade union from 1954 and was elected a member of the executive committee in 1963. Later on, he had to admit that the union started functioning in the colliery towards the later part of 1962. He was not able to say whether any intimation was given to the Registrar of Trade Unions giving the names of the office bearers of the union nor whether any intimation about his election was given to the management or not. He said that documents were in his possession showing that he was taking active part in trade union activities but none of them has been produced.

11. It is easy for a person to say that he was victimised because of his trade union activities but he must satisfy the Tribunal that he was really taking active part in trade union activities which had brought him in the bad books of the employer. He had failed to do so. Similarly, he has failed to satisfy the Tribunal that he was victimised because he gave evidence before the Wage Board in 1962. The Wage Board has been appointed not for this colliery alone but for the entire industry and it is not possible to believe that the present employer should think of victimising him only because he gave evidence like this. On the whole, I do not believe the allegations that he was victimised for his trade union activities or for his having given evidence before the Coal Mining Wage Board.

12. Shri Biswas was alleged to have filthily abused and threatened to assault Shri Chatterjee, Engineer. He disputed Shri Chatterjee's being an engineer and this was one of the points he had contested at the enquiry also. It appears that at the close of the enquiry the enquiry officer questioned Shri Biswas and at that stage Shri Biswas admitted before the enquiry officer that Shri Chatterjee was his superior officer. In his evidence before the Tribunal, Shri Biswas went to the length of saying that no such statement was made by him. Actually he said that he did not make any statement at all. He also said that Shri Chatterjee was also an engineering assistant like him and in support of this he got the pay sheets for the months of December 1964 and January 1965 produced.

13. It is true that in these pay sheets both Shri Chatterjee and Shri Biswas have been designated as Engineering Assistants and from this it was sought to be argued that Shri Chatterjee was not the superior officer of Shri Biswas. It may be noted that the basic salary of Shri Biswas is Rs. 120/- while that of Shri Chatterjee is Rs. 400/-. This *prima facie* shows that both could not be holding the same post.

14. A letter from the Chief Mining Engineer dated 27th November, 1963 was produced before the enquiry officer by which Shri Chatterjee was asked to take

charge of engineer at Ranipur Sand Gathering Station. This letter was produced by Shri Chatterjee and taken back by him. In the enquiry report the enquiry officer has referred to this letter mentioning that the letter was produced before him by the management. It was argued from this that the enquiry officer did not apply his mind to the evidence before him because the letter was produced not by the management but by Shri Chatterjee. The enquiry officer is not supposed to understand the niceties of the distinction between the management and one of the principal officers and if he has loosely described that a document was produced understand the niceties of the distinction between the management and one of its by the management, it cannot be said that he did not apply his mind to it specially when in the very next sentence he has stated that the original letter was returned to Shri Chatterjee.

15. Incidentally, I may mention that apart from the difference in the basic salary of Shri Biswas and Shri Chatterjee and the above letter which was produced before the enquiry officer, there is other evidence also to show that Shri Chatterjee was the immediate superior of Shri Biswas and this would be apparent from a leave application produced by Shri Biswas before the enquiry officer. This application was addressed by him to the Manager of the colliery through the Engineer, Sand Gathering Station. Admittedly, he gave the application to Shri Chatterjee and Shri Chatterjee returned it to him after making the endorsement "cannot be spared at present". Shri Biswas kept quiet after this. This would show that Shri Chatterjee was his superior officer and that is why he gave the application for leave through him and when Shri Chatterjee stated that he could not spare him, he could not and did not press his application. Actually it is not necessary for me to decide whether Shri Chatterjee was the superior officer of Shri Biswas or not; for the charge was that Shri Biswas had abused and assaulted Shri Chatterjee and as I said above, he was found guilty of this charge. The enquiry officer had also held that Shri Chatterjee was the superior officer of Shri Biswas.

16. After going through the evidence before me, I am satisfied that a proper enquiry was held; that Shri Biswas was given full opportunity not only to cross examine the management's witnesses but also to lead evidence in defence; that no principle of natural justice was violated; that it is not a case of victimisation; that the finding is not perverse and the order of dismissal does not suffer from want of bonafides. I, therefore, hold that the dismissal of Shri Biswas was justified and that he is not entitled to any relief. I order parties to bear their own costs.

I pass my award accordingly.

(Sd.) L. P. DAVE,
Presiding Officer.

Dated, 14th January 1965.

[No. 8/54/65-LRIL.]

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 403.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the quarries of Messrs. Bagalkot Cement Company Limited, Bagalkot, District Bijapur and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government constitutes a Labour Court with Shri Syed Azizuddin Ahmed, as the presiding officer with headquarters at Hubli and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Labour Court.

SCHEDULE.

Whether the retrenchment by the management of the following 45 workmen on the 24th October, 1964 is proper and justified? If not, to what relief are they entitled?

S. No.	Name
1.	S. S. Koppal.
2.	A. V. Deshpande.
3.	K. K. Maktedar.
4.	S. A. Badaml.
5.	Gadigeppa Mallappa.
6.	Chanbasappa Sangappa.
7.	Dhulappa Nagappa.
8.	Rudrappa Ramappa.
9.	Neelappa Nanappa.
10.	Yelaguradappa Yankappa.
11.	Basappa Dundappa.
12.	Chandrappa Rangappa.
13.	Dongarisab Allisab.
14.	Topanna Thakarappa.
15.	Manappa Havalappa.
16.	Sivaputrappa Bhimappa.
17.	Irappa Laxman.
18.	Kasimsab Hasansab.
19.	Aminsab Dongarisab.
20.	Hamajasab Husensab.
21.	Dharyappa Nagappa.
22.	Rajesab Allisab.
23.	Teekappa Gopanna.
24.	Gurupadappa Girimallappa.
25.	Vithal Govindappa.
26.	Irappa Ganapateppa.
27.	Ghanabasappa Sangappa.
28.	Keshappa Japanna.
29.	Basavaraj Honakeriappa.
30.	Babu Dharamappa.
31.	Maliyappa Sangappa.
32.	Vithal Chandrappa.
33.	Mahibubsab Husensab.
34.	Yamanappa Bhimappa.
35.	Ramappa Bhimappa.
36.	Shankarappa Dundappa.
37.	Gadeappa Parappa.
38.	Konappa Sorappa.
39.	Ramappa Siddappa.
40.	Adiveppa Shivalingappa.
41.	Irappa Chanabasappa.
42.	Rahimansab Husensab.
43.	Ramappa Halleppa.
44.	Jeevappa Gopanna.
45.	Hanamantappa Basappa.

[No. 36/32/65-LRI.]

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S.O. 404.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Punjab National Bank Limited and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

- (1) Whether the claim of Shri Ram Prit Ram, Daftri-cum-Hindi-Presenter-Cum-Peon of the Jehanabad Pay Office of the Punjab National Bank Limited for the payment of bonus on Rs. 350 paid to him as special allowance for the period from 1st April, 1954 to 31st December, 1961 is justified?
- (2) If so, to what relief is the workman entitled?.

[No. 51(44)/65-LRIV.]

S.O. 405.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Katras Choitudih Colliery of Messrs Burakar Coal Company Limited, Post Office Katrasgarh, District Dhanbad and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

- I. Whether the management of Katras-Choitudih Colliery of Messrs Burakar Coal Company Limited was justified in dismissing Shri Keshar Pandey, Timber Mazdoor, with effect from the 1st July, 1965? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?
- II. Whether the management of Katras-Choitudih Colliery of Messrs Burakar Coal Company Limited was justified in dismissing Shri Shyam Narayan Singh, Pump Khalasi, with effect from the 7th August, 1965? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?

[No. 2/148/65-LR.II.]

New Delhi, the 27th January 1966

S.O. 406.—Whereas an industrial dispute exists between the management of the Bengal Jharia Colliery, Post Office Khas Jeenagora, District Dhanbad (hereinafter referred to as the said company) and their workmen represented by the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, Dhanbad, and the Koyla Mazdoor Panchayat, Jharia (hereinafter referred to as the unions);

And, whereas the said company and the unions have, by a written agreement, in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 10A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), referred the said dispute to the arbitration of the person named therein, and a copy of the said arbitration agreement has been forwarded to the Central Government;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 10A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the said arbitration agreement, which was received by it on the 13th January, 1966.

AGREEMENT

FORM-C

(See Rule 7)

(Under Section 10A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947).

BETWEEN

NAME OF PARTIES:

Representing employers.—Shri Rasiklal Worah—Director, The Bengal Jharia Colliery Co., (P) Ltd., Bengal Jharia Colliery, P.O. Khas Jeenagora (Dhanbad).

Representing workmen.—1. Shri B. P. Sinha—Vice-President, Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, Dhanbad. 2. Shri Shankar Bose—Secretary, (Tisra Branch) Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, Dhanbad. (3). Shri Hit Narayan Singh—Vice-President, Koyla Mazdoor Panchayat, Jharia.

It is hereby agreed between the parties to refer the following industrial dispute to the arbitration of Shri Kanhaiya Singh Chairman, State Law Commission, Bihar, Patna.

- (i) *Specific matters in dispute.*—Whether on account of the closure of Bengal Jharia Colliery and consequent termination of services with effect from 1st January, 1966, the workmen are entitled to compensation as provided for under Section 25FFF or 25.F of the Industrial Disputes Act.
- (ii) Details of the parties to the dispute including the name and address of the establishment or undertaking involved: Employer in relation to Bengal Jharia Colliery and their workmen.
- (iii) Name of the Union, if any, representing the workmen in question:—
 - (i) Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, Dhanbad.
 - (ii) Koyla Mazdoor Panchayat, Jharia.
- (iv) Total number of workmen employed in the undertaking affected.—663.
- (v) Estimated number of workmen affected or likely to be affected by the dispute.—406.

The arbitrator shall make his award within a period of 21 days (here specify the period agreed upon by the parties or within such further time as is extended by mutual agreement between us in writing. In case the award is not made within the period aforementioned, the reference to arbitration shall stand automatically cancelled and we shall be free to negotiate for fresh arbitration).

Signatur of the parties:—

Representing Employer:

For and on behalf of the Bengal Jharia Colliery Co., (P) Ltd.

RASIKLAL WORAH,
Director.

Representing workers:

B. P. SINHA,
5-1-1966.

Vice-President,

Colliery Mazdoor Sangh,
Dhanbad.

SHANKAR BOSE,
5-1-1966.

Secy., (Tisra Branch),

Colliery Mazdoor Sangh,
Dhanbad.

H. N. SINGH,
5-1-1966.

Vice-President,

Koyla Mazdoor Panchayat Jharia.

Witnesses:—

1 Illegible.

2. Raman and Singh, M.L.C.

[No. 8/132/65-LRII.]

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 407.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Malkera—Choitudih Collieries of Messrs Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Considering the rates of wages per tub of the underground trammers of the other seams of Malkera and Choitudih Collieries of Messrs Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, Jamadoba, Post Office Jealgora, District Dhanbad, what should be the rates of wages per tub payable to the trammers of the 14th Seam Choitudih with effect from the 6th May, 1965 and to what relief the following 27 trammers are entitled?

1. Shri Ghatori Bhula.
2. Shri Charitar Mahato.
3. Shri Gafur Mia.
4. Shri Guput Chamar.
5. Kallu Bhula.
6. Shri Matru Bhula.
7. Shri Haricharan Mahato.
8. Shri Dewarik Mahato.
9. Shri Dukhan Mia.
10. Shri Manger Bhula.
11. Shri Nanhak Bhula.
12. Shri Chotan Bhula.
13. Shri Chotu Mahato.
14. Shri Govind Mahato.
15. Shri Ram Charan Bhula.
16. Shri Mungeshwar Bhula.
17. Shri Jitan Bhula.
18. Shri Seemurat Chamar.
19. Kallu Bhula.
20. Shri Hanif Mia.
21. Shri Kalli Dusadh
22. Shri Jalo Das
23. Shri Rambilash Singh
24. Shri Tulshi Bhula.
25. Shri Munshi Hazam.
26. Shri Seebalak Bhula.
27. Shri Rajabali Mia.

[No. 2/145/65-LRII.]

S.O. 408.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, Jamadoba, Post Office Jealgora, District Dhanbad, and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management of the Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited were justified in marking Shri S. N. Modak, clerk in the Chief Mining Engineer's office, absent with effect from the 11th May 1965 and subsequently dismissing him from service with effect from the 17th June 1965? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?

[No. 2/115/65-LRII.]

S. A. SESHAN, Under Secy.

[Office of the Chief Labour Commissioner (C)]

ORDER

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 409.—Whereas an application has been made by the establishments carrying on operation concerning coal mine mentioned in the schedule below for extension of the period specified in clause (b) of section 19 of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 (No. 21 of 1965), for the payment of bonus to the employees of the said establishments, for the accounting year ended on the 31st March, 1965;

And whereas Chief Labour Commissioner is satisfied that there are sufficient reasons so to do;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to clause (b) of section 19 of the said Act, read with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. WB-20(42)/65, dated the 28th August, 1965, I, Teja Singh Sahni, Chief Labour Commissioner hereby extend the period within which the said bonus shall be paid by the establishments to 9 (nine) months from the close of the accounting year ended on the 31st March, 1965.

THE SCHEDULE

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Central Salanpur Coal Concern, P.O. Katrasgarh, Dist. Dhanbad. | (in respect of Central Salanpur Colliery). |
| 2. South Jharia Colliery, P.O. Jharia, Dist. Dhanbad. | (in respect of South Jharia Colliery). |
| 3. Sarpi Kajora Coal Mines (P) Ltd. P.O. Ukhra (Burdwan), E.R. | (in respect of Sarpi-Kajora Colliery). |

[No. BO-25(3)/1/65.Vol.III.]

TEJA SINGH SAHNI.

for Chief Labour Commissioner (C).

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

(Department of Industry)

(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 19th January 1966

S.O. 410.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961, 1962 and 1964, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that twenty-one licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been granted authorizing the licensees to use the Standard Mark.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Licence No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process Covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standard
		From	To			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	CM/L-1168 3-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Prem Conductors Private Ltd., Station Road, Vatva (Gujarat State)	Hard-drawn standard aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes.	IS : 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes (revised).
2	CM/L-1169 3-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Central Insecticides & Fertilizers, 110 Industrial Estate, Indore (M.P.)	DDT water dispersible powder concentrates.	IS : 565-1961 Specification for DDT water dispersible powder concentrates (revised).
3	CM/L-1170 6-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Asmopal Engineering Co., C-16-17 Shri Ram Industrial Estate Katrak Road, Wadala, Bombay-31.	Small AC and universal electric motors with class 'A' insulation three-phase upto $\frac{1}{2}$ HP only, 'RAJI' and 'AEC' brands.	IS : 996-1959 Specification for small AC and universal electric motors with class 'A' insulation.
4	CM/L-1171 6-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Power Cables Private Ltd., Vithalwadi, Kalyan.	Steel wire for the core of steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes.	IS : 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes (revised).
5	CM/L-1172 6-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	The Premier Lighting Industries Private Ltd., Dr. A. Nair, Road, Bombay-11.	Ballasts for fluorescent lamps (for switch start circuits), 'DAY-LIGHT SUPER' brand.	IS : 1534 (Part I)—1960 Specification for ballasts to fluorescent lamps for switch start circuits.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6	CM/L-1173 7-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	The Bharat Carbon & Ribbon Mfg. Co Ltd., 543 Basantlal Saha Road, P. O. New Ali-pore, Calcutta-53 having their Office at N-75 Bombay Life Building, Connaught Circus, New Delhi-1.	Carbon Paper for Typewriters, Type 1 without brand and Type 3 with brand name mahal No. 2.	IS : 1551-1959 Specification for carbon paper for typewriters.
7	CM/L-1174 7-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Krishna Silicate & Glass Works Ltd., Baruipur, Post Office-Baruipur, District 24 Parganas having thier Office at 17 Radha Bazar Street, Calcutta-1.	Glass milk bottles	IS : 1392-1959 Specification for glass milk bottles.
8	CM/L-1175 9-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Agromore Limited, Mysore Road, Bangalore -26.	Liquid amine salts of 2, 4-D, Agromore weeder 96 (bladex G) and agromore weeder 96 special (bladex G special) brands.	IS : 1827-1961 Specification for liquid amine salts of 2, 4-D.
9	CM/L-1176 9-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Kesoram Spun Pipes & Foundries (Prop : M/s. Kesoram Industries & Cotton Mills Ltd.) Bansberia, District, Hooghly (West Bengal) having their Office at P-46A, Radha Bazar Lane Calcutta-1	Centrifugally cast (spun) iron pressure pipes (size 80 mm to 300 mm class LA, 'KESOSPUN', brand.	IS : 1536-1960 Specification for centrifugally cast (spun) iron pressure pipes for water, gas and sewage.
10	CM/L-1177 13-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Power Cables Private Ltd., Vithalwadi, Kalyan.	Armour wire for PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables.	IS : 1554 (Part I) 1961 Specification for PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables for working voltages upto and including 1100 volts.
11	CM/L-1178 13-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Madhya Pradesh Industries 31 Industrial Estate, P.O. Birla Nagar, Gwalior.	Hard-drawn stranded aluminium conductors (AAC) for overhead power transmission purposes 'LION' brand.	IS : 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes (revised).

12	CM/L-1179 15-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Apeejay Steel Casting Co. Private Ltd., Netaji Subhas Road, Jullundur (Punjab).	Carbon steel bars, billets, blooms, and slabs for forgings.	IS : 1875-1961 Specification for carbon steel bars, billets, blooms and slabs for forgings.
13	CM/L-1180 15-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Dhawan Mills Co., 123/400 Mill Area, Fazalganj, Kanpur.	BHC dusting powders 'GERMAR' brand.	IS : 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders (Second revision).
14	CM/L-1181 15-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Dhawan Mills Co., 123/400 Mill Area, Fazalganj, Kanpur.	Chlordane dusting powders 'GERMAR' brand.	IS : 2864-1964 Specification for chlordane dusting powders.
15	CM/L-1182 15-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Fort Gloster Industries Ltd., Bauria, S. E. Railway, having their Office at 14 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta-1.	PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables for working voltages upto and including 100 volts 'GLASTER' brand.	IS : 1554 (Part I) 1961 Specification for PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables for working voltages upto and including 100 volts.
16	CM/L-1183 16-12-1965	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Pesticides India, Udaisagar Road, Udaipur.	BHC emulsifiable concentrates 'VEGFRU' brand.	IS : 632-1958 Specification for BHC emulsifiable concentrates.
17	CM/L-1184 17-12-1965	1-2-66	31-1-67	M/s. Texmo Industries Mettupalayam Road, R.S. Puram Post, Coimbatore-2.	Three-phase induction motors upto 7.5 HP only 'TEXMO' brand.	IS : 325-1961 Specification for three-phase induction motors (second revision).
18	CM/L-1185 17-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Grandlay Electricals (India), 456/426 Military Parade Road, Radio Colony, Delhi-9 having their Office at 2656 Sadar Thana Road, Delhi-6.	Single core (unsheathed) PVC insulated cables with aluminium conductors, 250/440 volts and 650/1100 volts Grades 'GRANDLAY' brand.	IS : 604 (Part II) 1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages up to 15100 volts with aluminium conductors (revised).
19	CM/L-1186 23-12-1965	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Indo Engineering (Kota) Private Ltd., Industrial Estate, Kota (Rajasthan).	Hard-drawn stranded aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes 'Indo' brand.	IS : 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes (revised).
20	CM/L-1187 30-12-1965	16-1-66	15-1-67	M/s. Seshasayee Wire Ropes Limited, Edathala P.O., Alwaye (Kerala State).	Steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines.	IS : 1856-1961 Specification for steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines.
21	CM/L-1188 20-12-1965	16-1-66	15-1-67	M/s. Seshasayee Wire Ropes Limited, Edathala P.O. Alwaye, (Kerala State).	Steel wire ropes for general engineering purposes.	IS : 2266-1963 Specification for steel wire ropes for general engineering purposes.

3) → 101111122 of 115-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as amended in 1961, 1962 and 1964, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that seventy-five licences particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been renewed.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Licence No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article(s) Covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standard(s)
		From	To			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	CM/L-2 7-12-1955	1-1-66	31-12-68	The Indian Cable Company Ltd., 9 Hare Street, Calcutta.	Hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors of all types and sizes specified in IS:398-1961.	IS : 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes (<i>revised</i>).
2	CM/L-3 7-12-1955	1-1-66	31-12-68	The Indian Cable Company Ltd., 9 Hare Street, Calcutta.	Cotton-covered round copper conductors.	IS : 450-1964 Specification for cotton-covered round copper conductors (<i>revised</i>).
3	CM/L-4 7-12-1955	1-1-66	31-12-68	The Indian Cable Company Ltd., 9 Hare Street, Calcutta.	Hard-drawn copper conductors	IS : 282-1963 Specification for hard-drawn copper conductors for overhead power transmission (<i>revised</i>).
4	CM/L-6 7-12-1955	1-1-66	31-12-68	The Indian Cable Company Ltd., 9 Hare Street, Calcutta.	Rubber-insulated cables and flexible cords of all types and sizes specified in IS : 434 (Part I)—1964 and IS:434(Part II)—1964	(i) IS : 434 (Part I) 1964 Specification for rubber insulated cables with copper conductors (<i>revised</i>). (ii) IS : 434 (Part II) 1964 Specification for rubber insulated cables with aluminium conductors (<i>revised</i>).
5	CM/L-24 19-12-1956	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Light Metal Works, New Sun Mill Compound, Delsile Road, Bombay-13.	Wrought aluminium and aluminium alloy utensils.	IS : 21-1959 Specification for wrought aluminium and aluminium alloys for utensils (<i>second revision</i>).
6	CM/L-41 10-12-1957	16-12-65	15-12-68	M/s. Carew & Co. Ltd., Narsamunda, Asansol (West Bengal).	Rectified spirit, grade I	IS : 323-1959 Specification for rectified spirit (<i>revised</i>).
7	CM/L-85 24-4-1958	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Hindustan Timber Industries, 41 Chaulpatty Road, Beliaghata, Calcutta-10.	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS : 10-1953 Specification for plywood tea-chests (<i>revised</i>).

8	CM/L-111 16-12-1958	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Beliaghata Timber Works Private Ltd., 28-B, Chaulparry Road, Calcutta-10.	Tea-chest Plywood panels	IS : 10-1953 Specification for plywood tea-chest (revised).
9	CM/L-112 26-12-1958	1-1-66	31-12-66	The Kesar Sugar Works, 45-47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay-1	Hydroquinone, photographic grade	IS : 388-1963 Specification for hydroquinone, photographic grade (revised).
10	CM/L-157 23-12-1959	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Shamsher Sterling Cable Corporation Ltd., Vaswani Mansions, Dinsha Wacha Road Bombay-1	<p>Type Voltage Grade Conductor</p> <p>VIR Cables for Fixed Wiring</p> <p>(i) TRS Tough 250/440 rubber sheathed volts</p> <p>(ii) Braided 250/440 and 650/1 100 and compounded volts</p> <p>(iii) Weather 250/440 and 650/1 100 proof volts</p> <p>(iv) Flame 250/440 retarding volts</p>	<p>Copper or aluminium</p> <p>(i) IS:434 (Part I) 1964 Specification for rubber insulated cable with copper conductors (revised).</p> <p>(ii) IS : 434 (Part II)—1964 Specification for rubber insulated cables with aluminium conductors (revised).</p>
11	CM/L-225 16-9-1960	1-1-66	30-6-66	M/s. Veneer Mills Private Ltd., Tinnsukia, Assam.	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS : 10-1953 Specification for plywood tea-chests (revised).
12	CM/L-244 28-11-1960	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Indian Plastics Limited, Poisar Bridge Kandivli, Bombay-67.	Phenolic moulding materials, grade 2 "FLORITE" brand	IS : 1300-1963 Specification for phenolic moulding materials (revised).
13	CM/L-245 28-11-1960	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Tipco The Industrial Plastic Corporation Ltd., 14 Haxamer Street Fort, Bombay-1.	Phenolic moulding materials, grades, 1, 2 and 3	IS : 1300-1963 Specification for phenolic moulding materials (revised).
14	CM/L-248 19-12-1960	20-12-65	30-11-68	M/s. Kaira District Co-operative Milk Producers' Union Ltd., Anand (W.R.) Kaira District, Gujrat State.	Infant milk foods	IS : 1547-1960 Specification for infant milk foods
15	CM/L-250 26-12-1960	1-1-66	31-12-67	M/s. Krishnaveni Ink Factory, 292, Tiruvottiyur High Road, Madras-1.	Ferro-gallo tannate fountain pen ink (0.1 per cent iron content)	IS : 220-1959 Specification for ferro-gallate fountain pen ink (0.1 percent iron content) (revised).
16	CM/L-251 26-12-1960	1-1-66	31-12-67	M/s. Krishnaveni Ink Factory, 292, Tiruvottiyur High Road, Madras-1.	Dye-based fountain pen inks, blue, green violet, black and red	IS : 1221-1957 Specification for dye-based fountain pen inks (blue, green violet, black and red).

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
17	CM/L-252 26-12-1960	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Tata Fison Industries Ltd., Union Bank Building, Dalal Street, Bombay-1.	Copper oxychloride water dispersible powder concentrates	IS : 1507-1959 Specification for copper oxychloride water dispersible powder concentra- tes.
18	CM/L-253 26-12-1960	1-1-66	31-12-68	M/s Travancore Chemical and Manufacturing Co Ltd., Man- jummel, Alwaye.	Copper oxychloride water disper- sible powder concentrates	IS : 1507-1959 Specification for copper oxychloride water dis- persible powder concentra- tes.
19	CM/L-343 27-9-1961	16-10-65	15-10-66	M/s. S.G. Can Factory Yamu- nanagar (Railway Station Jagadhri).	18-litre square tins	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18 litres square tins.
20	CM/L-347 29-9-1961	16-10-65	15-10-66	The Mysore Electro-Chemical Works Ltd., Rajajinagar, Yes- wantpur Bangalore.	Lead-acid storage batteries (light duty) for motor vehicles	IS : 395-1962 Specification for lead-acid storage batteries (light duty) for motor vehicles (second revision).
21	CM/L-361 27-11-1961	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Modi Vanaspati Manufac- turing Co. Modinagar, Dist. Meerut (U.P.)	18-litre square tins	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18-litres square tins.
22	CM/L-363 30-11-1961	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Nielcon Private Ltd., 37F, Parel Road Cross Lane, Chinchpokli, Bombay-12.	Three-phase induction motors upto 10 horse power	IS : 325-1961 Specification for three-phase induction motors (second revision).
23	CM/L-365 12-12-1961	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Ditz Electricals (India) Ltd., 29 Malkaganj, Road, Delhi	Electric portable immersion hea- ters for domestic use (500 watts to 4000 watts capacity)	IS : 368-1963 Specification for electric immersion water heaters (revised).
24	CM/L-366 15-12-1961	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Tungabhadra Industries Ltd. Kurnool (Andhra Pradesh)	18-litre square tins	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18-litre square tins.
25	CM/L-367 15-12-1961	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Bharat Pulverising Mills Private Ltd., 589, Thiruvottiyur High Road, Madras-19.	Endrin emulsifiable concentrates	IS : 1210-1958 Specification for endrin emulsifiable concentrates.
26	CM/L-369 22-12-1961	1-1-66	31-12-66	The D. C. M. Container Works, Najafgarh Road, New Delhi-15.	18-litres square tins	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18-litres square tins.
27	CM/L-370 22-12-1961	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Excel Industries Pvt. Ltd., 184-87 Ghodbunder Road Jogeshwari, Bombay-60.	Zinc phosphide, technical	IS : 1251-1958 Specification for zinc phosphide, technical.
28	CM/L-371 22-12-1961	1-1-66	31-12-68	M/s. Berar Oil Industries, Vanasdarpeth, Akola.	18-litres square tins	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18-litres square tins.
29	CM/L-470 30-10-1962	1-11-65	31-10-66	M/s. Hind Tin Industries 107A, Raja Dinendra Street, Calcutta- 6.	18-litres square tins	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18-litres square tins.

30	CM/L-477 29-11-1962	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Shalimar Tar Products (1935) Limited P-46, Hide Road, Extension Kidderpore, Calcutta-23 having their office at 6 Lyons Range, Calcutta-1.	Bitumen (plastic) for waterproofing purposes.	IS : 1580-1960 Specification for bitumen (plastic) for waterproofing purposes.
31	CM/L-478 29-11-1962	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Shalimar Tar Products (1935) Limited P-46, Hide Road Extension, Kidderpore, Calcutta-33 having their office at 6 Lyons Range, Calcutta-1.	Hot applied sealing compounds for joints in concrete	IS : 1834-1961 Specification for hot applied sealing compounds for joints in concrete
32	CM/L-479	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Shalimar Tar Products (1935) Limited, P-46, Hide Road Extension, Kidderpore, Calcutta-33 having their office at 6 Lyons Range, Calcutta-1.	Preformed fillers for expansion joint in concrete non-extruding and resilient type (bitumen impregnated fibre)	IS : 1938-1961 Specification for preformed fillers for expansion joint in concrete non-extruding and resilient type (bitumen-impregnated fibre)
33	CM/L-482 3-12-1962	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s Kamani Metal & Alloys Ltd., Agra Road, Kurla, Bombay-70.	Brass sheets grade Bs 63 only	IS : 410-1959 Specification for rolled brass plate, sheet, strip and foil (revised)
34	CM/L-483 5-12-1962	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s Lakhi Trading Co., Village Road, Bhandup, Bombay-78, having their offices at 2nd Jai Hind Estate, Building No. 2, Bhuleshwar, Bombay-2 and Lakhi Industrial House, Agra Road, Bhandup, Bombay-78 (NB).	Wrought aluminium utensils grade SIC.	IS : 21-1959 Specification for wrought aluminium and aluminium alloys for utensils.
35	CM/L-484 20-12-1962	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Vijay Foundry, T. S. No. 10/1075/3 Putiakulam Road, Pappannaickenpalyam, Coimbatore.	Horizontal centrifugal pumps clear, cold, fresh water, size 25 mm x 25 mm to 100 mm x 100 mm	IS : 1520-1960 Specification for horizontal centrifugal pumps for clear, cold, fresh water.
36	CM/L-486 20-12-1962	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Gautam Electric Motors Private Ltd., 42 Okhla Industrial Estate, New Delhi-20.	Fractional horse power motors, single-phase 1hp and three-phase 1/4 to 1 hp	IS : 996-1959 Specification for small AC and universal electric motors with class 'A' insulation.
37	CM/L-598 7-11-1963	1-12-65	30-11-66	M/s Skytone Electricals (India), 43-Industrial Area, Faridabad having their Head Office at 2655, Sadar Thana Road, Delhi-6.	(1) Single core (unsheathed) PVC insulated cables, 250/440 volts and 650/1100 volts grades with copper or aluminium conductors; (2) Single core (PVC sheathed) PVC insulated cables, 250/440 volts grade with copper or aluminium conductors;	(i) IS : 694 (Part I)-1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages up to 1100 v) with copper conductors. (ii) IS : 694 (Part II)-1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages up to 1100v) with aluminium conductors (revised)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
				(3) Single core (PVC sheathed) PVC insulated cables, 650/1 100 volts with copper conduc- tors only; and (4) Twin-twisted (unsheathed) flexible cords, 250/440 volts grade with copper conductors only.		
38	CM/L-599 7-11-1963	15-12-65] 15-12-66	M/s Gadre Brothers, Raviwar Peth, Madhavnagar, S-Rly; Distt. Sangli, Maharashtra State	Parallel keys (i) 12×8×80 mm, (ii) 18×11× 100 mm, (iii) 6×6×22×mm, (iv) 8×7×28×mm, (v) 8×7×40 mm, (vi) 8×7×80 mm, and (vii) 12×8×45.	Brand name 'ELEPHANT'	IS : 2048—1962 Specification for parallel keys and keyways.
39	CM/L-600 20-11-1963	15-12-65	15-12-66	M/s Hind Cycles Ltd., 250 Worli, Bombay.	Bicycle chains	IS : 627—1961 Specification for bicycle chains (revised)
40	CM/L-601 20-11-1963	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Central Distributors Ltd., Poisar Bridge, Kandivli, Bom- bay-67.	14 SWG bicycle spokes (plain) with nipples and washers	IS : 630—1961 Specification for bicycle spokes (plain) and nipples for spokes (revised)
41	CM/L-605 29-11-1963	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s Skytone Electricals (India), 43—Industrial Area, Faridabad having their Head Office at 2655 Sadar Thana Road, Delhi-6	Type Voltage Conductors Grade	(i) IS : 434 (Part I)—1964 Speci- fication for rubber insulated cab- les with copper conductors (re- vised) (ii) IS : 434 (Part II)—1964 Speci- fication for rubber insulated cables with aluminium conductors (re- vised).
				(a) VIR cables for fixed wiring— (i) Braided and compounded and 100 V (ii) Tough rubber sheathed and 650/1 100 V	Copper or alu- minium	

(iii) Weather 250/440
proof
650/1
100 V

(b) VIR Flexible Cords

(iv) Twisted 250/440 Copper
and cir- volts only
cular
artificial
silk or
glace cot-
ton braided

42	CM/L-606 29-11-1963	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Associated Pigments Ltd., 260, Barrackpore Trunk Road, P.O. Sukchar, 24 Parganas, West Bengal, having their office at 14, Netaji Subhas Road, Cal- cutta-1.	Zinc oxide for paints 'APL' Brand	IS : 3-1950 Specification for zincoxide for paints.
43	CM/L-607 11-12-1963	1-1-66	31-12-66	The Production Centre for Elec- tric Motors (Govt. of India, Ministry of Industry and Sup- ply), Tiruvalla, Kerala State.	Fractional Horse power electric motors, single-phase capacitor start and three-phase squirrel cage induction motors	IS: 996-1959 Specification for small AC and universal electric motors with class 'A' insulation.
44	CM/L-608 11-12-1963	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Hindustan Steel Limited, Bhi- lai Steel Plant, Bhilai-1, Distt. Durg (Madhya Pradesh) having their Regd. Office at P.O. Hinoo, Ranchi.	Structural steel (ordinary quality)	IS: 1977-1962 Specification for structural steel (ordinary quality)
45	CM/L-609 11-12-1963	1-1-66	31-12-66	The Tata Iron & Steel Company Limited, Jamshedpur.	Structural steel (ordinary quality)	IS: 1977-1962 Specification for structural steel (ordinary qua- lity).
46	CM/L-803 26-10-1964	1-11-65	31-10-66	M/s. Pratap Steel Rolling Mills, Chheherta (Punjab)	Structural steel (standard quality) of the following sections only : (1) M. S. rounds up to 16 mm dia and over 28 mm dia. (2) M. S. squares up to 16 mm sq. and over 28 mm sq. (3) M. S. angles, flats etc. where the cross-sectional area of the sample does not exceed 200 sq. mm.	IS: 226-1962 Specification for struc- tural steel (standard quality) (third revision)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
47	CM/L—804 26-10-1964	1-11-65	31-10-66	M/s. Pratap Steel Rolling Mills, Chheherta (Puniab)	Structural steel (ordinary quality) of the following sections only : (1) M. S. rounds up to 16 mm dia and over 28 mm dia, (2) M. S. squares up to 14 mm sq. and over 28 mm sq. and (3) M. S. angles, flats etc. where the cross-sectional area of the sample does not exceed 200 sq. mm.	IS: 1977-1962 Specification for structural steel (ordinary quality)
48	CM/L—807 26-10-1964	1-11-65	31-10-66	M/s. Batala Engineering Co. Ltd., Batala	Structural steel (standard quality) of the following sections only : (1) M. S. rounds up to 16 mm dia and over 28 mm dia, (2) M. S. squares up to 14 mm sq. and over 28 mm sq. and (3) M. S. angles, flats etc. where the cross-sectional area of the sample does not exceed 200 sq. mm.	IS: 226-1962 Specification for structural steel (standard quality) (third revision)
49	CM/L—808 26-10-1964	1-11-65	31-10-66	M/s. Batala Engineering Co. Ltd., Batala	Structural steel (ordinary quality) of the following sections only : (1) M. S. rounds up to 16 mm dia and over 28 mm dia, (2) M. S. squares up to 14 mm sq. and over 28 mm sq. and (3) M. S. angles, flats etc. where the cross-sectional area of the sample does not exceed 200 sq. mm.	IS: 1977-1962 Specification for structural steel (ordinary quality)
50	CM/L—815 30-10-1964	16-11-65	15-11-66	M/s. Shanmuga Sago Factory, Shevapet Salem-2.	Sago (saboodana)	IS: 899-1956 Specification for sago (saboodana)
51	CM/L—817 30-10-1964	6-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Sultania Rice & Sago Factory, Cuddalore Main Road, Tulukenur, Attur.	Sago (saboodana)	IS: 899-1956 Specification for sago (saboodana)

52	CM/L-834 9-11-1964.	1-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Special Steels Limited, Dattapara Road, Borivli (East), Bombay-66.	Steel wire for the core of steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes.	IS: 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes (<i>revised</i>).
53	CM/L-837 23-11-1964	16-11-65	15-11-66	M/s. Lucky Acids & Chemical Works, 32/2 Murari Pukur Road, Calcutta-4.	Nitric acid, technical pure and AR grades.	IS: 264-1950 Specification for nitric acid.
54	CM/L-840 23-11-1964	1-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Shamsher Sterling Cable Corporation Ltd., Kiroli-Ghatkopar, Bombay-77 having their Regd. office at Vaswani Mansions, Dinksha Wacha Road, Bombay-1.	<p>Type Voltage Grade Conductor</p> <p>PVC Insulated Cables</p> <p>(i) Single 250/440 core and (unsheathed) 650/1 100 V } Copper or aluminium</p> <p>(ii) Single 650/1 100 V core PVC sheathed } Aluminium only</p>	<p>(i) IS: 694 (Part I)-1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages up to 1 100 v) with copper conductors.</p> <p>(ii) IS: 694 (Part II)-1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for 1 100 v) with aluminium conductors (<i>revised</i>).</p>
55	CM/L-841 25-11-1964	16-12-65	15-12-66	The Chemi-Mineral Mills, Chakravarti Ashok Road, Industrial Estate, Kandivli (East), Bombay-67, having their office at 7-A, Dean Lane, Fort Bombay-1.	BHC water dispersible powder concentrates.	IS: 562-1962 Specification for BHC water dispersible powder concentrates (<i>second revision</i>).
56	CM/L-889 28-11-1964	1-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Magna Mills Co. Ltd., P.O. Jagatdal, 24 Parganas, having their Office at 16 Strand Road, Calcutta-1.	Jute hessian	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
57	CM/L-890 28-11-1964	1-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Megna Mills Co. Ltd., P.O. Jagatdal, 24 Parganas having their Office at 16 Strand Road, Calcutta-1.	Jute sackings.	<p>IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>).</p> <p>IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>).</p> <p>IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags.</p> <p>IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.</p>
58	CM/L-891 28-11-1964	1-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Alliance Jute Mills Co. Ltd., P.O. Jagatdal, 24 Parganas, having their office at 3 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta-1.	Jute hessian.	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
59	CM/L-892 28-11-1964	11-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Alliance Jute Mills Co. Ltd., P.O. Jagatdal, 24 Parganas, having their office at 3 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta-1.	Jute sackings.	IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>). IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>). IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags. IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.
60	CM/L-909 28-11-1964	1-12-65	30-11-66	The Indian Jute Co. Ltd., P.S. Serampore, Hooghly, having their Office at 16 Strand Road, Calcutta-1.	Jute hessian.	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
61	CM/L-910 28-11-1964	11-12-65	30-11-66	The India Jute Co. Ltd., P. S. Serampore, Hooghly, having their Office at 16 Strand Road, Calcutta-1.	Jute sackings.	IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>). IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>). IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags. IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.
62	CM/L-947 28-11-1964	11-12-65	30-11-66	The Agarpara Co. Ltd., P. O. Kamarhatti, 24 Parganas, having their Office at 1 & 2 Old Court House Corner, Calcutta-1.	Jute hessian.	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
63	CM/L-948 29-11-1964	11-12-65	30-11-66	The Agarpara Co. Ltd., P. O. Kamarhatti, 24 Parganas having their Office at 1 & 2 Old Court House Corner, Calcutta-1.	Jute sackings.	IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>). IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags (<i>revised</i>). IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags. IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.

64	CM/L-949 28-11-1964	1-12-65 30-11-66	M/s. Shree Hanuman Jute Mills, Jute hessian 76, Jogendra Nath Mukherjee Road, Ghusuri, Howrah having their Office at 8, Dalhousie Square East, Calcutta-1.	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
65	CM/L-950 28-11-1964	1-12-65 30-11-66	M/s. Shree Hanuman Jute Mills, Jute sackings. 76, Jogendra Nath Mukherjee Road, Ghusuri, Howrah having their Office at 8, Dalhousie Square East, Calcutta-1.	IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags (revised). IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags (revised). IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags. IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.
66	CM/L-951 28-11-1964	1-12-65 30-11-66	The Kelvin Jute Co. Ltd., Broad Jute hessian. Loom Section at Waverley Jute Mills, Shamnagar, 24 Parganas having their Office at 'McLeod House', 3, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta-1.	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
67	CM/L-965 28-11-1964	1-12-65 30-11-66	M/s. Shree Luchminarain Jute Jute hessian Mfg. Co. Ltd., 107, C.S. Mukherjee Street, Konnagar, Hooghly.	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
68	CM/L-966 28-11-1964	1-12-65 30-11-66	M/s. Shree Luchminarain Jute Jute sackings. Mfg. Co. Ltd., 107, C.S. Mukherjee Street, Konnagar, Hooghly.	IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags (revised). IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags (revised). IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags. IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.
69	CM/L-975 30-11-1964	16-12-65 15-12-66	M/s. Hindustan Chains Private Wrought Aluminium utensils, Ltd., G. T. Road, P.O. Pasonda, grade SIC. Ghaziabad (U.P.)	IS : 21-1959 Specification for wrought aluminium and alumi nium alloy for utensils (Second revision).

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
70	CM/L-976 30-11-1964	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Bomim Private Limited, Odhav, Ahmedabad.	Three-phase induction motors (up to 10 hp only).	IS : 325-1961 Specification for three-phase induction motors (second revision).
71	CM/L-977 30-11-1964	16-12-65	15-12-66	M/s. Industrial Research Corpora- tion, 2/70, East Mada Street, Thiruvanniyur, Madras-41.	Ferro-gallo tannate fountain pen ink (0.1 percent iron content).	IS : 220-1959 Specification for ferro-gallo tannate fountain pen ink.
72	CM/L-978 2-12-1964	7-12-65	30-11-66	M/s. Gladstone Lyall & Co. Ltd., 59, Kali Charan Ghosh Road, Sinthi, Calcutta-2 having their Registered Office at 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta-1.	Bitumen felts for water-proofing type 3 grades 1 and 2 Brand name 'GLASON'	IS : 1322-1965 Specification for bitumen felts for water proofing and damp proofing (revised).
73	CM/L-979 21-12-1964	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Periyar Metal Products, In- dustrial Estate, Ettumanoor, Kottayam (Kerala State).	Wrought aluminium utensils grade SIC.	IS : 21-1959 Specification for wrought aluminium and alumi- nium alloy for utensils (second revision).
74	CM/L-980 31-12-1964	1-1-66	31-12-66	The Indian Cable Co. Ltd., Gol- muri, Tatanagar having their Registered Office at 9, Hare Street, Calcutta-1.	PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables for working voltages up to and including 1 100 volts (with copper and aluminium conductors).	IS : 1554 (Part I)-1961 Specifi- cation for PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables for working voltages up to and including 1 100 volts.
75	CM/L-981 21-12-1964	1-1-66	31-12-66	M/s. Industrial Chemical Limited, Sankarnagar, Talaiyutru R. S., Tirunelveli District having their Registered Office at 175/1, Mount Road, Madras-2.	Calcium carbide technical quality	IS 1040-1960 Specification for calcium carbide technica (revised).

[No. MD/33 : 16/A]

D. DAS GUPTA,

Deputy Director.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

New Delhi, the 22nd January 1966

S.O. 412.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (i) of article 299 of the Constitution, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce No. S.O. 381 dated the 23rd January, 1965, the President hereby directs that undermentioned instruments may be executed on his behalf by the Administrator Kandla Free Trade Zone, Gandhidham (Kutch) namely:—

“Agreements with the Gujarat Electricity Board for the supply of Electrical Energy, payment of charges on account of consumption of Electrical Energy used in the Kandla Free Trade Zone and also for payment of cost of changing of one circuit of the 11 KV Town feeder and laying second circuit and the cost of high tension lines to be laid within the Zone area for industrial purposes.”.

[No. F. 3/14/64-Transport.]

P. V. RAMASWAMY, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 28th January 1966

S.O. 413.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Sub-section (1) of Section 12 of the Textiles Committee Act, 1963 (41 of 1963), the Central Government hereby exempts—

- (a) Cotton cloth produced by handlooms and powerlooms; and
- (b) textile machinery manufactured by Small-scale units,

from the payment of fees to the Textiles Committee in respect of all or any of the services (referred to in that sub-section) that may be rendered by it in respect of such cotton cloth and textile machinery.

2. This notification shall be deemed to have come into effect on the 27th February, 1965.

[File No. 25(38)-Tex(A)/63-II.]

DAULAT RAM, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 28th January 1966

S.O. 414.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (4) of section 3 of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1951 (74 of 1951), the Central Government hereby reappoints Shri A. S. Naik, I.C.S., as a Member of the Forward Markets Commission, Bombay, for a period of three years with effect from the forenoon of 9th February, 1966 and nominates him to be the Chairman of that Commission.

[No. 37(1)-Com.(Genl)(FMC)/66.]

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 415.—The following amendments to the rules of the East India Cotton Association Limited, Bombay, made by that Association in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 9A of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952 (74 of 1952) and approved by the Central Government are hereby published by that Government as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, namely:—

In the Articles of Association of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., Bombay.

1. In Article 3:—

- (a) after the clause containing the definition of “The Association”, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“Associate Directors” means Associate Directors for the time being of the Association, or as the case may be, the Associate Directors assembled at the Board, elected in accordance with the Articles of Association for the purposes set out therein.

(b) after the clause containing the definition of "By-laws" the following clause shall be inserted namely:—

"Co-operative Cotton Marketing Society" means a Co-operative Society established for the purpose of marketing of Cotton or having the marketing of cotton as one of its principal objectives and registered with the appropriate authorities and registered as such by the Association in accordance with the rules framed for the purpose by the Board.

(c) after the clause containing the definition of "Special Resolution", the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"Upcountry Cotton Trade Association" means a Cotton Trade Association established at upcountry cotton centres and registered as such by the Association in accordance with the rules framed for the purpose by the Board.

2. For the heading "Directors" occurring below Article 48, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Board of Directors"

"48A. (1) The Board or the Board of Directors shall consist of—

- (i) Elected Directors,
 - (ii) Nominated Directors, and
 - (iii) Associate Directors that is to say Directors elected by Upcountry Cotton Trade Associations or Societies in accordance with the provisions of Article 49.
- (2) The Associate Directors shall be entitled to vote only in such matters and shall exercise only such powers as are provided in these Articles."

3. In Article 49:—

(a) in the opening paragraph, for the figures "26", the figures "35" shall be substituted;

(b) after clause (d), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"(e) Seven Associate Directors who shall be elected from the Upcountry Cotton Producing Regions grouped as under:—

- (i) One from the region consisting of the States of Punjab and Uttar Pradesh;
- (ii) One from the region consisting of Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan;
- (iii) Two from the region comprising the State of Gujarat;
- (iv) Two from the region consisting of the State of Maharashtra and other States not specifically mentioned herein;
- (v) One from the region consisting of the States of Andhra, Mysore, Madras and Kerala;

They shall be annually elected by the Upcountry Cotton Trade Associations in the respective regions in accordance with the provisions hereinafter contained or such procedure as may be laid down by the Board in that behalf from time to time.

No Upcountry Cotton Trade Association shall be eligible to vote at the elections of the Associate Director/s from its region unless—(a) it is registered as a body Corporate under the Companies Act or any other appropriate State or Central Act (other than a Co-operative Cotton Marketing Society) with promotion of cotton trade, marketing of cotton etc. as its principal object; (b) it has a minimum membership of not less than 30 in the three preceding years; (c) it is registered with the Association and holds a Registration Certificate from the Association; and has paid an annual registration fee of Rs. 100/- before the 15th August each year. The elections of Associate Directors on the Board from the respective regions shall be held by the Association by a postal ballot in accordance with the rules framed by the Board from time to time.

No person shall be eligible to be elected as an Associate Director under this provision unless he is a member of the Upcountry Cotton Trade Association registered with the Association and eligible as voter in elections to Directors on the Board of East India Cotton Association Ltd., besides being a member of its Governing Body and is duly nominated by it.

Each such Associate Director shall be entitled to attend at all the Directors' meetings. He shall, however, be entitled to vote only on questions specifically relating to (a) All India Cotton Price Policy, (b) Cotton Production and (c) Taxation.

In the event of any difference of opinion as to whether the question relates specifically to any of the above matters, the decision of the President or, in his absence, that of the Vice-President in respect thereof shall be final.

(f) Two associate Directors annually elected by the Co-operative Cotton Marketing Societies, in accordance with the procedure that may be laid down by the Board in that behalf from time to time. No Co-operative Cotton Marketing Society shall be eligible for participating in elections unless—

(i) it is a Society registered in the State concerned under the appropriate Act of the State Legislature, and having a subscribed capital of not less than Rs. 25,000/- and minimum annual business in cotton of 2,500 bales and a membership not less than 100 in the three preceding years;

(ii) it is registered with the Association and holds registration Certificate from the Association; and

(iii) it has paid an annual registration fee of Rs. 100/- before the 15th August each year.

The elections of Associate Directors on the Board shall be held by postal ballot in accordance with the rules that shall be framed by the Board from time to time.

No person shall be eligible to be elected as an Associate Director under this provision unless he is a member of a recognised Co-operative Cotton Marketing Society and its Governing Body and is duly nominated by it

Each such Associate Director shall be entitled to attend at all the Directors' meetings. He shall, however, be entitled to vote only on questions specifically relating to (a) All India Cotton Price Policy, (b) Cotton Production and (c) Taxation.

In the event of any difference of opinion as to whether the question relates specifically to any of the above matters, the decision of the President or in his absence that of the Vice-President in respect thereof shall be final."

4. In Article 54, after clause (e), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(ee)—being an Associate Director elected by the upcountry Cotton Trade Associations or Co-operative Cotton Marketing Societies, he ceases to be a member of the Cotton Trade Association or the Society concerned or their governing bodies by resignation or otherwise."

5. In Article 59, in clause (1), at the end, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"The Associate Directors shall retire at the Annual General Meeting."

6. In Article 64—

(a) the word "and" at the end of clause (d) shall be omitted,

(b) after clause (e), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"(f) If the Director, who vacated office, was an Associate Director elected from any of the upcountry regions, the Cotton Trade Associations concerned in that region shall have power to elect a person to fill such vacancy by electing a duly qualified person thereto provided that such a vacancy has occurred within nine months from the date of election of such Director, and

(g) If the Director, who vacated office, was an Associate Director elected by the Co-operative Cotton Marketing Societies, the Societies concerned shall have power to elect a person to fill such vacancy by electing a duly qualified person thereto, provided that such vacancy has occurred within nine months from the date of election of such Director."

TARIFF COMMISSION

New Delhi, the 21st January 1966

S.O. 416.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules to further amend the Tariff Commission (Class III Posts) Recruitment Rules, 1959 namely :—

1. These rules may be called the Tariff Commission (Class III Posts) Recruitment (Amendment) Rules, 1966.

2. In the Schedule to the Tariff Commission (Class III Posts) Recruitment Rules, 1959—

(i) for item No. 2 and the entries relating thereto, the following item and entries shall be substituted, namely :—

I	2	3
2. Junior Economic Investigators.	10	General Class III (Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial). Central Service (Non-Gazetted).
4	5	6
Rs. 210—10—290—15—320—Selection EB—15—425.		Between 18 and 25 years.
7	8	9
Essential : Master's degree in Economics or Commerce of a recognised university.	Age—No ; Educational Qualifications etc. Degree preferably in Economics or Commerce of a recognised university.	Two years.
10	11	12
75% by direct recruitment and 25 % by promotion failing which by direct recruitment.	By promotion from Upper Division Clerks, Librarian and Technical Assistant (Computation) with 3 years service in the respective grades.	Not applicable".

(ii) after item No. 9 and the entries relating thereto, the following item and entries shall be inserted, namely :—

I	2	3
'9A. Lower Division Clerks (Selection Grade).	2	General Class III (Non-Gazetted, Ministerial). Central service (Non-Gazetted).
4	5	6
Rs. 150—5—175—6—205— EB—7—240.	Non-Selection.	Not applicable.
7	8	9
Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
10	11	12
By promotion.	Lower Division Clerks (Ordinary Grade) with a minimum period of 10 year's service in the grade.	Not applicable".

(iii) in the Schedule for item No. 10 and the entries relating thereto, the following item and entries shall be substituted, namely :—

1	2	3
"10. Lower Division Clerks (Ordinary Grade).	31	General Central Service Class III (Non-gazetted, Mi- nisterial).
4	5	6
Rs. 110—3—131—4—155—EB— 4—175—5—180.	Not applicable.	Between 18 and 21 years.
7	8	9
<i>Essential</i>	Not applicable	Two years.
(i) Matriculate or its equivalent qualification.		
(ii) Minimum speed of 30 words per minute in typewriting provided.		
(a) that a person not pos- sessing the said quali- fication in typing may be appointed subject to the condition that he will not be eligible for drawing increments in the pay scale or for quasi-permanency or confirmation in the grade till he acquires a speed of 30 words per minute in typing and		
(b) that a physically handi- capped person who is otherwise qualified to hold a clerical post but does not possess the said qualifications in typing may be appoin- ted subject to the condi- tion that the Medical Board attached to the Special Employment Exchange for the Handi- capped or where there is no such Board, the Civil Surgeon certifies that the said handicap- ped person is not in fit condition to be able to type.		

10	11	12
By direct recruitment.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
		[No. 28 (36)-Tar/64.]
		S. BANERJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Office of the Jt. Chief Controller of Imports and Exports)

ORDER

Bombay, the 3rd December 1965

S.O. 417.—Whereas M/s. Ashwin Textile Machinery Mfg. Co., Mohmedi Building, 3rd Floor, Military Cross Lane, Fort, Bombay-1 or any bank or any

other person have not come forward furnishing sufficient cause, against Notice No. 1/321/65/CDN.II, dated 16/17th November 1965 proposing to cancel licence No. 2053421 dated 1st November, 1965 valued at Rs. 36,000 for the import of Ball Bearings granted to the said M/s. Ashwin Textile Machinery Mfg. Co. Bombay-1 by the Jt. Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Bombay, Government of India, Ministry of Commerce, in exercise of the powers conferred by Clause 9(a) of the Imports (Control) Order 1955, hereby cancel the said licence No. 2053421, dated 1st November, 1965 issued to the said M/s. Ashwin Textile Machinery Mfg. Co. Bombay-1.

[No. 1/321/65/CDN.II.]

N. BANERJI,

Dy. Chief Controller of Imports and Exports
for Jt. Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Bombay.

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

New Delhi, the 16th January 1966

S.O. 418.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5(1) of the Cinematograph Act, 1952 and sub-rule (3) of rule 8 read with sub-rule 2 of rule 9 of the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1958, the Central Government hereby appoints Smt. Aditi Mukerjee after consultation with the Board as a member of the Advisory Panel of the said Board at Calcutta with immediate effect.

[No. 11/3/62-FC.]

ORDER

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S. O. 419—In pursuance of the directions issued under the provision of each of the enactments specified in the First Schedule to the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting No. S. O. 2732 dated the 20th September of 1963, the Central Government after considering the recommendations of the Film Advisory Board, Bombay hereby approves the film specified in column 2 of the Schedule annexed hereto in all its language versions to be of the description specified against it in column 6 of the said Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Title of the film	Length 35 mm	Name of the Applicant	Name of the Producer	Whether a scientific film or a film intended for educational purposes or a film dealing with news and current events or a documentary film.
1	2	3	4	5	6
I	Give It A Thought II	30 M	Films Division, of India, Bombay.	Government	Film intended for educational purposes

[No. F. 24/1/66-FP App. 1058.]

D. R. KHANNA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF MINES & METALS

New Delhi, the 29th January 1966

S.O. 420.—Whereas by the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Mines and Fuel No. S.O. 340 dated the 30th January, 1963, under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957 (20 of 1957), the Central Government gave notice of its intention to prospect for coal in 1830·40 acres (approximately) of lands in the locality specified in the Schedule appended to that notification;

And whereas by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Steel and Mines (Department of Mines and Metals) No. S.O. 379-B dated the 22nd January, 1965 under sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government gave notice specifying a further period of one year commencing from the 30th January 1965, as the period within which the Central Government may give notice of its intention to acquire the lands or of any rights in or over such lands described in that notification;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that coal is obtainable in the said 1830·40 acres (approximately) or 741·31 hectares (approximately);

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to acquire the rights to mine, quarry, bore, dig and search for, win, work and carry away minerals in the lands measuring 1830·40 acres (approximately) or 741·31 hectares (approximately) described in the Schedule appended hereto.

NOTE 1.—The plans of the area covered by this notification may be inspected in the Office of the Collector Bankura (West Bengal), or in the Office of the Coal Controller, 1-Council House Street, Calcutta or in the Office of the National Coal Development Corporation Ltd. (Revenue Section), Darbhanga House, Ranchi (Bihar).

NOTE 2.—Attention is hereby invited to the provision in section 8 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957, which provides as follows:

- 8(1) "Any person interested in any land in respect of which a notification under section 7 has been issued may, within thirty days of the issue of the notification, object to the acquisition of the whole or any part of the land or of any rights in or over such land.

Explanation.—It shall not be an objection within the meaning of this section for any person to say that he himself desires to undertake mining operations in the land for the production of coal and that such operation should not be undertaken by the Central Government or by any other person.

- (2) Every objection under sub-section (1) shall be made to the competent authority in writing and the competent authority shall give the objector an opportunity of being heard either in person or by a legal practitioner and shall, after hearing all such objections and after making such further inquiry, if any, as he thinks necessary, submit the case for the decision of the Central Government together with the record of the proceedings held by him and a report containing his recommendations on the objections.

- (3) For the purpose of this section a person shall be deemed to be interested in land who would be entitled to claim an interest in compensation if the land or any rights in or over such land were acquired under this Act".

It may be noted that the Coal Controller, 1-Council House Street, Calcutta-1, has been appointed by the Central Government as the competent authority under the Act.

SCHEDULE

DESHERGARH BLOCK—'B'.

*Mining Rights' Ranigunj Coal Field Drawing No. Rev/1/66 Dated 3-1-66.

(Showing lands where rights to mine, quarry, bore, dig and search for win, work and carry away minerals are to be acquired).

Serial No.	Village	Thana	Thana number	District	Area	Remarks
1	Shirpuranama	Gangajal Ghati	1	Bankura		Part
2	Balarampur	"	2	"		"
3	Saburbandh	"	27	"		"
4	Kesharkundi	"	28	"		"
5	Rajpura	"	29	"		"
6	Iswarda	"	31	"		"
7	Anandapur	"	35	"		"

Total Area . . . 1830.40 acres (approximately.
OR, 741.31 Hectares (Approximately).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Shirpuranama :—

1 to 243, 244(P), 245, 246, 247(P), 248 to 302, 303(P), 305(P), 307(P), 308 to 314, 315(P), 316(P), 322(P), 348(P), 349(P), 357(P), 358, 359(P), 360, 361, 362(P), 368(P), 369(P), 370(P), 427(P), 480(P), 481(P), 482(P), 483, 484, 485, 486(P), 487 to 499, 500(P), 501(P), 502, 581(P), 582(P), 583(P), 584(P), 585 to 593, 594(P), 595 to 616, 617(P), 618 to 664, 665(P), 666(P), 667(P), 668(P), 669(P), 670(P), 671(P), 672(P), 673(P), 674 to 691, 692(P), 694(P), 697(P), 708(P), 709(P), 710(P), 711(P), 712(P), 713(P), 714(P), 826(P), 828(P), 829(P), 830(P), 831(P), 832 to 840, 841(P), 844(P), 845(P), 846(P), 849, 850, 3758, 3768, 3769 and 3772.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Balarampur :

1, 3(P), 4(P), and 6(P.)

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Saburbandh :

1 to 12, 13(P), 14, 15, 16, 17(P), 19(P), 21(P), 43(P), 44(P), 45, 46, 47, 48(P), 49, 50, 51, 52, 53(P), and 55(P).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Kesharkundi

1 to 161, 162(P), 163(P), 164(P), 165(P), 166, 167(P), 168(P), 169(P), 170(P), 171(P), 172(P), 173, 174(P), 175(P), 176(P), 177(P), 178(P), 179(P), 180(P), 181(P), 182(P), 183(P), 184(P), 185(P), 186(P), 187(P), 188(P), 189(P), 190, 191, 192(P), 193(P), 194(P), 195 to 427, 428(P), 429(P), 430, 431(P), 474(P), 482(P), 483(P), 484(P), 486(P), 487(P), 489(P), 490, 491, 492, 493(P), 494(P), 495(P), 496(P), 497(P), 498(P), 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505(P), 506(P), 624(P), 625 to 654, 656, 657(P), 658, 661(P), 820(P), 821, 825, 826, 827, 829, 830, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851 and 852.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Rajpura :

76(P), 77, 78, 79(P), 121, 122, 123 and 124.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Iswarda :

1 to 279, 280(P), 281, 282, 283, 284(P), 285(P), 286, 287(P), 293(P), 294(P), 295 to 327, 329, to 345, 346(P), 347(P), 348, 349(P), 350(P), 351(P), 352, 353(P), 354(P), 355(P), 356(P), 357(P), 359(P), 360, 361, 362(P), 364(P), 365(P), 366(P), 367(P), 446(P), 469(P), 470(P), 476(P), 477(P),

478(P), 479(P), 483(P), 484, 485(P), 494(P), 495(P), 497(P), 498(P), 499(P), 500(P), 509(P), 510(P), 511 to 519, 520(P), 522(P), 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 790, 791, 794(P), 793 and 804(P).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Anandapur :

1(P), 2 to 21, 23 to 35, 36(P), 37, 38, 39(P), 40(P), 42(P), 46(P), 110 to 125.

Boundary Description :

A-B line passes along the part Western boundary of village Shirpuranama *i.e.* along the part common boundary of District Bankura and District Purulia and meets at point 'B'.

B-C line passes through plot numbers: 244, 247, 362, 368, 369, 370, 359, 357, 349, 348, 322, 303, 305, 307, 316, 315, 427, 480, 481, 482, 481, 486, 501, 500, 581, 582, 583 in village Shirpuranama, through plot numbers 6, 4, in village Balarampur through plot number 584, in village Shirpuranama, through plot number 3 in village Balarampur, through plot numbers 711, 712, 713, 714, 710, 709, 594, 665, 666, 667, 669, 668, 670, 671, 672, 708, 673, 697, 694, 692, 617, 831, 830, 826, 829, 828, 841, 844, 845, 846 in village Shirpuranama, through plot numbers 21, 13, 17, 19, 43, 19, 44, 53, 48, 53, 55, 53, in village Saburbandh through plot numbers 657, 661, 657, 624, 506, 505, 498, 497, 496, 495, 494, 493, 489, 487, 486, 484, 483, 482, 474, 820, 162, 163, 164, 165, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 193, 192, 194, 428, 429, 431, in village Kesharkundi, along the part common boundary of villages Rajpura and Kesharkundi, through plot numbers 76, 79, in village Rajpura, through plot numbers 284, 287, 285, 280, 294, 293, 522, 520, 509, 510, 500, 499, 498, 497, 804, 495, 494, 485, 483, 479, 478, 477, 476, 470, 469, 446, 346, 347, 349, 350, 351, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 359, 362, 364, 365, 366, 794, 367, in village Iswarda, through plot numbers 39, 40, 42, 36, 46 and along the part northern boundary of plot number 69 in village Anandapur and meets at point 'C'.

C-D line passes through Damodar River in village Anandapur and meets at point 'D'.

D-A line passes along the part left bank of Damodar River *i.e.* along the part common boundary of villages Kalajhariya and Anandapur, common boundary of villages Kalajhariya and Iswarda, Hirapur and Iswarda, Kesharkundi and Hirapur, Shyamdihi and Kesharkundi, Shirpuranama and Shyamdihi, Shirpuranama and Dihika and meets at point 'A'.

[No. C2-24(1)/66.]

S.O. 421.—Whereas by the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Mines and Fuel No. S.O. 341 dated the 30th January, 1963, under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957 (20 of 1957), the Central Government gave notice of its intention to prospect for coal in 6912 acres (approximately) of lands in the locality specified in the Schedule appended to that notification;

And whereas by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Steel and Mines (Department of Mines and Metals) No. S.O. 379-C dated the 22nd January, 1965, under sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government gave notice specifying a further period of one year commencing from the 30th January, 1965, as the period within which the Central Government may give notice of its intention to acquire the lands or of any rights in or over such lands described in that notification;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that coal is obtainable in 6725.00 acres (approximately) or 2723.63 hectares (approximately) of lands out of the said lands;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to acquire the rights to mine, quarry, bore, dig and search for, win, work and carry away minerals in the lands measuring 6725.00 acres (approximately) or 2723.63 hectares (approximately) described in the Schedule appended hereto.

NOTE 1.—The plans of the area covered by this notification may be inspected in the Office of the Collector, Purulia (West Bengal), or in the Office of the Coal Controller, 1-Council House Street, Calcutta or in the office of the National Coal Development Corporation Limited (Revenue Section), Darbhanga House, Ranchi (Bihar).

NOTE 2.—Attention is hereby invited to the provision in section 8 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957, which provides as follows:

- 8(1) "Any person interested in any land in respect of which a notification under section 7 has been issued may, within thirty days of the issue of the notification, object to the acquisition of the whole or any part of the land or of any rights in or over such land.

Explanation.—It shall not be an objection within the meaning of this section for any person to say that he himself desires to undertake mining operations in the land for the production of coal and that such operations should not be undertaken by the Central Government or by any other person.

- (2) Every objection under sub-section (1) shall be made to the competent authority in writing, and the competent authority shall give the objector an opportunity of being heard either in person or by a legal practitioner and shall, after hearing all such objections and after making such further inquiry, if any, as he thinks necessary, submit the case for the decision of the Central Government together with the record of the proceedings held by him and a report containing his recommendations on the objections.

- (3) For the purposes of this section, a person shall be deemed to be interested in land who would be entitled to claim an interest in compensation if the land or any rights in or over such land were acquired under this Act."

It may be noted that the Coal Controller, 1-Council House Street, Calcutta-1, has been appointed by the Central Government as the competent authority under the Act.

SCHEDULE

DESHERGARH BLOCK-'C'

Raniganj Coalfield

Drg. No. Rev/4/66

Dated 6-1-1966.

(showing lands where rights to mine, quarry, bore, dig, and search for win, work and carry away minerals are to be acquired).

'Mining Rights'

Serial Number	Village	Thana	Thana number	District	Area	Remarks
1	Anandpur .	Raghunathpur	330	Purulia		Part.
2	Saontal Motha .	"	331	"		Part.
3	Murgabani .	"	332	"		Part
4	Dhangajor .	"	333	"		Full
5	Ranpur .	"	334	"		"
6	Bonra .	"	335	"		"
7	Goaladi .	"	336	"		Part
8	Binduidi .	"	337	"		"
9	Bartoriya .	"	339	"		"
10	Sultandi .	"	340	"		"
11	Baruipara .	"	341	"		Full
12	Nawada .	"	342	"		"
13	Kuthibari .	"	343	"		"
14	Sarbari .	"	344	"		Part
15	Nituria .	"	345	"		"
16	Bhamaria .	"	351	"		"
17	Alkusha .	"	353	"		"
18	Shunuri .	"	354	"		"
19	Deuli .	"	355	"		"
20	Bakuliashota .	"	356	"		Full
21	Agyachak .	"	357	"		"
22	Dumdumi .	"	358	"		"
23	Paradiha .	"	359	"		Part
24	Chandurdi .	"	360	"		"
25	Rakta .	"	361	"		"
26	Sashpur .	"	362	"		Full
27	Jagannathdi .	"	363	"		"
28	Baltora .	"	364	"		Part
29	Kharbana .	"	365	"		"

Total area : 6725.00 acres (approximately)

OR :—2723.63 Hectares (approximately).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Anandapur:

1, 2, 3(P), 4, 5, 6(P), 7, 8(P), 13(P), 14(P), 15 to 34, 35(P), 36, 37(P), 45(P), 46, 47(P), 49(P), 50(P), 51(P), 52(P), 53(P), 54 to 59, 60(P), 61(P), 62, 63(P), 65(P) and 66(P).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Suontalmotha:

1(P), 2(P), 83(P), 84(P), 86(P), 87(P), 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95(P), 96(P), 97 to 146, 147(P), 48 to 197, 198(P), 202(P), 203, 204, 205, 206, 207(P), 208 to 229, 230(P), 292(P), 293, 294, 295(P), 307(P), 336(P), 381(P), 382(P), 383, 384, 385(P), 386(P), 387(P), 389(P), 392 to 410, 411(P), 412(P), 413(P), 854(P), 883, 892 and 893.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Murgabani:

1 to 145, 146(P), 147 to 202, 203(P), 204, 205, 206(P), 208(P), 212(P), 213(P), 214, 215, 216(P), 217(P), 218 to 223, 224(P), 225(P), 226(P), 227, 228(P), 229, 230, 231, 232, 233 and 234.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Dhangajor:

1 to 902.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Ranpur:

1 to 181.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Bonra:

1 to 2808.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Goaladi:

1 to 73, 74(P), 75(P), 76 to 114, 115(P), 116(P), 117(P), 118(P), 150(P), 151 to 159, 160(P), 166(P), 167 to 211, 212(P), 213, 214(P), 215(P), 229(P), 230(P), 231(P), 233(P), 234(P), 235(P), 36(P), 237 to 375, 376(P), 444(P), 446(P), 447(P), 448(P), 449, 450(P), 451 to 458, 459(P), 460 to 692, 693(P), 694(P), 697(P), 698(P), 699, 700(P), 701(P), 703(P), 713(P), 714(P), 715 to 735, 737, 738 and 741.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Binduidi:

1 to 47, 48(P), 55(P), 56(P), 57, 58(P), 59(P), 64(P), 67(P), 72(P), 73, 74, 75, 76(P), 77 and 78(P).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Bartoriya:

125(P), 127, 128(P), 399(P), 400(P), 401(P), 402(P), 404(P), 405(P), 406 to 414, 415(P), 416 to 440, 441(P), 468(P), 469(P), 470, 471, 472, 473(P), 474 to 501, 502(P), 503, 504(P), 505, 506(P), 513(P), 515(P), 517(P), 518 to 544, 545(P), 546(P), 547(P), 556(P), 557, 558(P), 559, 560(P), 569(P), 572(P), 573(P), 601(P), 602(P), 604(P), 605 to 656, 657(P), 658(P) to 929, 930(P), 931(P), 932, 933(P), 934, 935, 936(P), 937 to 1079, 1080(P), 1081 to 1127, 1128(P), 1129(P), 1130, 1131, 1132(P), 1133(P), 1134(P), 1135, 1136(P), 1137(P), 1170(P), 1171(P), 1172, 1173(P), 1174(P), 1232(P), 1233(P), 1234 to 1273, 1274(P), 1275(P), 1276(P), 1278(P), 1477(P), 1616(P), 1617(P), 1618, 1619(P), 1620(P), 1622(P), 1623(P), 1624(P), 1640(P), 1642(P), 2022(P), 2023 to 2286, 2287(P), 2288(P), 2291(P), 2292(P), 2293(P), 2294, 2295(P), 2296(P), 2297(P), 2300(P), 2313(P), 2314, 2315(P), 2316(P), 2483, 2484, 2486 and 2487.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Sultandi:

1, 2(P), 4(P), 5 to 8, 9(P), 11 to 578.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Baruipara:

1 to 348.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Nawada:

1 to 132.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Kuthibari:

1 to 72.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Sarbari:

1960(P), 1961(P), 1966(P), 1967(P), 1968(P), 1969, 1970, 1971(P), 1972(P), 1973 to 2007, 2008(P), 2507(P), 2508(P), 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515(P), 2518(P), 2629(P), 2630(P), 2632(P), 2633, 2634, 2635(P), 2641(P), 2642, 2643, 2686(P), 2687(P), 2688 to 2693, 2694(P), 2695(P), 2698(P), 2699(P), 2700(P), 2701, 2702, 2703, 2704(P), 2705(P), 2706 to 2711, 2712(P), 2714(P), 3851(P), 3852, 3853(P), 3854(P), 3855 to 3867, 3868(P), 3869(P), 3872(P), 3906(P), 3916(P), 3918(P), 3919(P), 3920(P), 3921 to 3929, 3930(P), 3931 to 3955, 3989 and 3990.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Nituria:

60(P), 126(P), 128(P), 129(P), 130(P), 131, 132, 133(P), 134 to 151, 152(P), 160(P), 161(P), 162(P), 163(P), 164, 165(P), 166, 167, 168(P), 667(P), 671, 672(P), and 673.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Bhamaria:

1 to 568, 569(P), 570 to 585, 586(P), 587(P), 588, 589(P), 592(P), 593(P), 618(P), 619(P), 620(P), 621(P), 622, 623(P), 624(P), 625 to 633, 634(P), 636(P), 637, 638, 639(P), 640, to 646, 648, to 705, 706(P), 707(P), 708(P), 715(P), 719(P), 720, 721(P), 722, 723(P), 724(P), 824(P), 866(P), 867(P), 868, 869(P), 870, 871, 872, 873(P), 874(P), 875(P), 876 to 880, 881(P), 889(P), 890 to 897, 898(P), 899 to 913, 914(P), 915(P), 919(P), 2382(P), 2383(P), 2384, 2385(P), 2388(P), 2394(P), 2395(P), 2396, 2397(P), 2401(P), 2402, 2403, 2404(P), 2405 to 2532, 2533(P), 2534 to 2551, 2552(P), 2553(P), 2554, 2555(P), 257(P), 2558(P), 2560(P), 2561(P), 2564(P), 2565(P), 2566 to 2596, 2597(P), 2598 to 2606, 2607(P), 2608(P), 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615(P), 2763(P), 2766(P), 2767 to 2777, 2778(P), 2779(P), 2781(P), 2782, 2783(P), 2784(P), 2785(P), 2786 to 2791, 2792(P), 2793(P), 2794, 2795, 2797(P), 2811, 2812(P), 2813, 2814, 2815(P), 3324(P), 3325, 3326(P), 3327, 3328(P), 3380(P), 3389(P), 3416(P), 3417(P), 3418(P), 3419, 3420(P), 3421(P), 3422 to 3426, 3427(P), 3429 to 3445, 3446(P), 3447(P), 3449(P), 3450(P), 3451, 3452(P), 3453 to 3463, 3464(P), 3465 to 3499, 3501(P), 3502 to 3518, 3535, 3549, 3554, 3555, 3556, 3557, 3558(P), 3561, 3562, 3563, 3564, 3565, 3576, 3577, 3578, 3579, 3580 and 3581.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Alkusha:

396(P), 397, 398, 399(P), 400(P), 401, 402(P), 403, 548(P), 549 to 563, 564(P), 565 to 569, 570(P), 571(P), 572 to 576, 577(P), 579(P), 580, 581, 582(P), 585(P), 588 (P), 589, 590 (P), 752(P), 1252(P), 1253(P), 1254(P), 1256(P), 1257, 1258(P), 1259, 1260(P), 1261(P), 1317(P), 1318(P), 1320(P), 1321(P), 1322(P), 1323(P), 1324(P), 1325(P), 1326, 1327(P), 1328(P), 1329 to 1335, 1336(P), 1337(P), 1338 to 1346, 1347(P), 1348(P), 1349(P), 1355(P), 1356(P), 1357(P), 1358(P), 1359, 1360(P), 1362(P), 1370(P), 1409(P), 1425(P), 1426(P), 1427(P), 1429(P), 1430, (P) 1431(P), 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436(P), 1437(P), 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441(P), 1442(P), 1443(P), 1444(P), 1445, 1446, 1447(P), 1448(P), 1449(P), 1450(P), 1451 to 1481, 1482(P), 1483(P), 1484(P), 1487(P), 1488(P), 1489(P), 1490 to 1615.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Shumuri:

1(P), 5(P), 6 to 4471.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Deuli:

1(P), 2 to 948.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Bakuliashota:

1 to 1134.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Agyachak:

1 to 40.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Dumdumi:

1 to 1460.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Paradiha:

1 (P), 2 to 12, 13(P), 25(P), 26(P), 937(P), 969(P), 970(P), 971(P), 972(P), 973 to 978, 979(P), 980 to 991, 992(P), and 1001(P).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Chandurdi:

1 to 67, 68(P), 70(P), 74(P), 75(P), 77(P), 85(P), 86(P), 87, 88, 89(P), 90(P), 91(P), 92(P), 93, 94, 95(P), 96(P), 99(P), 246(P), 247(P), 250(P), 251, 252(P), 255(P), 256, 257, 258(P), 259(P), 260(P), 261 to 346, 347(P), 348(P), 351(P), 352(P), 353(P), 359(P), 361(P), 362(P), 363(P), 364(P), 365 to 423, 424(P), 425, 426(P) and 1193.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Rakta:

1(P), 2(P), 3(P), 4(P), 46(P), 51(P), 52(P), 53 to 71, 72(P), 73, 74(P), 76(P), 77(P), 142(P), 189(P), 190 to 201, 202(P), 203(P), 205(P), 208(P), 210(P) 211(P), 23 (P), 235 to 258, 259(P), 260, 261, 262, 263(P), 264, 265, 266(P), 267(P), 276(P) 277, 278(P), 79 to 299, 300(P), 301 to 317, 318(P), 319, 320(P), 321(P) and 335(P).

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Sashpur

1 to 378.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Jagannathdi:

1 to 1130.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Baltora:

1 to 1458, 1459(P), 1460 to 2060, 2061(P), 2062 to 2070, 2071(P), 2074(P), 2075, 2076(P), 2077 to 2519, 2520(P), 2521(P), 2522 to 2618, 2619(P), 2620(P), 2621(P), 2636(P), 2637(P), 2639(P), 2640(P), 2647(P), 2648(P), 2649 to 2698, 2699(P), 2700(P), 2702(P), 2703(P), 2704 to 2748, 2749(P), 2750, 2751(P), 2752(P), 2754(P), 2755(P), 2756(P), 2757, 2758(P), 2759, 2760, 2761, 2762(P), 2763(P), 2764(P), 2940(P), 2946(P), 2947(P), 2948 to 2960, 2961(P), 2962(P), 2967(P), 2968(P), 2971(P), 2972 to 2980, 2981(P), 2982(P), 2983 to 2989, 2990(P), 2991 to 2996, 2997(P), 2998(P), 3008(P), 3009(P), 3010(P), 3011(P), 3154 to 3160, 3161(P), 3162, 3163, 3169, 3170, 3172(P), 3174, 3175, 3176, 3177, 3178, 3180, 3181, 3182 and 3183.

Plot numbers to be acquired in village Kharbana:

1(P), 4(P), 68(P), 69(P), 70, 71, 72, 73(P), 74, 75(P), 76, (P), 83(P), 84(P), 85(P), 86(P), 87(P), 92(P), 93(P), 97(P), 188(P), 189(P) and 311(P).

BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

A—B line passes through plot numbers 126, 667, 133, 126, 133, 130, 129, 128, in village Nituria, through plot numbers 1972, 1971, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1961, 1960, along the part Eastern Boundary of plot number 1958, Eastern Boundary of plot number 2009, through plot numbers 2008, 2687, 2686, 2694, 2695 in village Sarbari along part Western boundary of village Kuthibari, through plot numbers 2698, 2700, 2699, 2643, 2641, along Eastern Boundary of plot number 2640, through plot numbers 2635, 2632, 2630, 2629, 2704, 2515, 2518, 2507, 2508, 2507, 2714, 2712, 2705, 3930, 3916, 3918, 3919, 3920, 3906 in village Sarbari through plot numbers 2, 4, 9, in village Sultandi, through plot numbers 3869, 3868, 3872, 3854, 3853, 3851, in village Sarbari through plot numbers 604, 601, 602, 657, 547, 546, 545, 556, 560, 558, 572, 569, 573, 515, 517, 513, 504, 506, 502, 473, 125, 128, 468, 469, 468, 441, 399, 401, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 1642, 1624, 1623 and 1640, in village Bartoriya and meets at point 'B'.

B—C line passes through plot numbers 1640, 1623, 1622, 415, 1620, 1619, 1616, 1617, 1477, 1136, 1137, 1134, 1133, 1132, 1129, 1128, 1170, 1171, 1173, 1174, 1233, 1232, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1080, 936, 1278, 933, 930, 931, 2022, 2315, 2316, 2313, 2295, 2297, 2296, 2300, 2293, 2292, 2291, 2288, 2287 in village Bartoriya, through plot numbers 78, 76, 72, 67, 64, 58, 59, 55, 56 and 48, in village Binduidi, and meets at point 'C'.

C—D. line passes along the part common boundary of villages Gosaladi and Binduidi and meets at point 'D'.

D—E—F lines pass through plot numbers 74, 75, 117, 116, 1, 5, 118, 166, 160, 150, 215, 214, 229, 212, 229, 230, 231, 236, 235, 233, 234, 376, 459, 450, 448, 447, 446, 444, 694, 693, 698, 697, 700, 714, 701, 703, 714, 713, in village Gosaladi through plot numbers 3, 6, 8, 6, 13, 14, 13, 37, 38, 45, 47, 53, 52, 51, 50, 49, 66, 60, 61, 65, 63, in village Anandapur, through plot numbers 1, 2, along the Northern boundary of plot numbers 89, 88, through plot numbers 87, 86, 84, 83, 95, 96, 147, 230, 292, 295, 307, 207, 202, 198, 336, 381, 382, 385, 386, 387, 389, 411, 412, 413, 854, in village Saontal Motha, through plot numbers 146, 203, 206, 213, 208, 212, 216, 217, 224, 225, 226, 224, 228, in village Murgabani, through plot numbers 1, 4, 68, 97, 93, 92, 69, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 82, 73, 75, 188, 189, 188, 311, in village Kharbana; through plot numbers 1459, 2699, 2700, 2702, 2703, 2700, 2762, 2764, 2763, 2758, 2755, 2756, 2754, 2751, 2752, 2749, 2637, 2636, 2637, 2639, 2640, 2647, 3161, 2648, 2619, 2620, 2641, 2521, 2520, 2521, 2946, 2947, 2946, 2940, 2961, 2962, 2961, 2074, 2076, 2071, 2968, 2061, 2968, 2971, 2967, 3172, 2981, 2982, 2998, 2997, 3008, 3009, 3010, 3011, 2990, in village Baltora, through plot numbers 3, 4, 2, 1, 46, 52, 51, 77, 76, 74, 72, 142, 189, 205, 203, 202, 208, 210, 211, 234, 259, 267, 266, 263, 276, 335, 278, 300, 321, 318, 320, in village Rakta, through plot numbers 95, 96, 99, 92, 91, 90, 89, 86, 85, 86, 68, 70, 74, 75, 77, 255, 252, 250, 247, 246, 258, 259, 260, 353, 352, 351, 347, 348, 359, 361, 362, 364, 363, 426, 424, in village Chandurdi, through plot numbers 1, 26, 25, 1, in village Paradiha, through plot numbers 426, 424, in village Chandurdi, through plot numbers 113, 937, 979, 969, 970, 971, 972, 992, and 1001, in village, Paradiha and meet at point 'F'.

F-G-H. lines pass along the part Eastern Boundary of village Paradiha and Eastern Boundary of village Dumdumi, which is also the part common boundary of District Purulia and District Bankura and meet at point 'H'.

H—I line passes along the part left bank of River Damodar which is also the part common boundary of district Purulia and Burdwan and meets at point 'I'.

I—J line passes through plot number 1, in village Deuli, through plot numbers 1, 5, in village Shunuri, through plot numbers 1252, 1253, 1254, 1256, 1258, 1261, 1260, 1328, 1327, 1325, 1324, 1323, 1322, 1321, 1320, 1319, 1317, 1336, 1337, 1360, 1357, 1358, 1356, 1355, 1347, 1349, 1348, 1362, 1370, 1431, 1430, 1429, 1427, 1426, 1425, 1409, 570, 571, 577, 579, 582, 585, 588, 590, 752, 548, 564, 1436, 1487, 1489, 1488, 1482, 1484, 1483, 1449, 1450, and 1448, in village Alkusha, and meets at point 'J'.

J—A line passes through plot numbers 1448, 1447, 1444, 1443, 1442, 1441, 1437, 1436, 402, 396, 402, 399, along part Southern Boundary of plot number 384, Southern Boundary of plot number 288, through plot number 400, in village Alkusha, along part common boundary of villages Alkusha and Bhamaria, through plot numbers 3501, 3464, 3324, 3328, 3326, 3449, 3452, 3450, 3446, 3447, 3380, 3389, 3427, 3421, 3420, 3418, 3417, 3416, 2615, 2608, 2607, 2763, 2597, 2766, 3558, 2779, 2778, 2781, 2783, 2784, 2785, 2797, 2793, 2792, along the Northern Boundary of plot number 2811, through plot number 2812, along the Northern boundary of plot number 2814, through plot numbers 2815, 2565, 2564, 2561, 2552, 2553, 2560, 2558, 2557, 2555, 2533, 2401, 2404, 2397, 2394, 2395, 2388, 2385, 2383, 2382, 708, 707, 706, 639, 636, 634, 624, 623, 618, 621, 620, 619, 586, 587, 589, 592, 593, 569, 715, 719, 721, 723, 724, 824, 867, 866, 869, 873, 874, 873, 875, 881, 889, 919, 915, 898, 914, in village Bhamaria, through plot numbers 168, 165, 160, 163, 161, 162, 152, 672, 60 and 126 in village Nituria and meets at point 'A'.

[No. C2-24(1)/66.]

RAM SAHAY Under Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES

INCOME-TAX

New Delhi, the 25th January 1966

S.O. 422.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 121 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby makes the following amendments to the Schedule appended to its Notification No. 20 (F. No. 55/1/62-IT), dated the 30th April, 1963 published as S.O. 1293 on pages 1454—1457 of the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (ii), dated the 11th May, 1963, as amended from time to time:—

Existing entries under columns (1), (2) and (3) against S. No. 6, 7A and 18 shall be substituted by the following entries:

Income-tax Commissioners	Headquarters	Jurisdiction
(1)	(2)	(3)
6. (Central), Bombay	Bombay	1. Central Sections I to XV Bombay. 2. Special Investigation Circles at Nagpur.
7A. Delhi (Central)	New Delhi	1. Central Circles I to V at Delhi. 2. Central Circles I & II at Jaipur. 3. Central Circle, Ambala. 4. Central Circle, Ludhiana. 5. Central Circles I to III at Amritsar. 6. Central Circle, Srinagar. 7. Special Investigation Circles at Delhi, Lucknow, Meerut and Kanpur.

(1)	(2)	(3)
18 (Central), Calcutta	Calcutta	1. Central Circles I to XXVII, Calcutta. 2. Central Circle, Cuttack.

[No. 21 (F. No. 55/396/65-IT).]
G. M. KULKARNI, Under Secy.

